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U. S. Department of Agriculture
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A GUIDE

To the Best

HARDY PLANTS



*It's not a Home
Until It's Planted*

THE DANIELS NURSERY, INC.

FRANC P. DANIELS, President

LONG LAKE

MINNESOTA

YOUR GREATEST SAFEGUARD
IN
BUYING PLANTS
Is
TO SECURE THEM FROM A NURSERY-
MAN OF PROVEN INTEGRITY AND
WITH A REPUTATION FOR
FAIR DEALINGS

The Daniels Nursery, Inc., is controlled and operated exclusively by Franc P. Daniels. You will be interested in knowing these facts about him:

For 14 years President Minnetonka Fruit Growers Association, for 3 years Vice President and 2 years President of the Minnesota State Horticultural Society, for 3 years President of the Hennepin County Agricultural Society—*Esteem of his fellow horticulturists*. Graduate of the Minnesota College of Agriculture—*Technical training*. For the past 20 years part time lecturer in the University of Minnesota Farm School on horticultural subjects—*Extensive and up-to-the-minute horticultural knowledge and recognition of same*. For 21 years an extensive fruit grower—*Thorough understanding of growers' problems*. For 20 years operating The Daniels Nursery at Long Lake with a constantly increasing business—*Proof positive of satisfaction to customers in both stock and service*; and last—he is interested in every sale—says it must be so satisfactory to the customer that he will come back for more.

**Can You Afford to Buy Where
the "Personality" Factor Is
Less in Your Favor?**

**DANIELS PLANTS WILL GROW—WILL
GIVE YOU REAL RESULTS—CAN YOU
AFFORD LESS DEPENDABLE STOCK AT
ANY PRICE?**



Franc P. Daniels, President

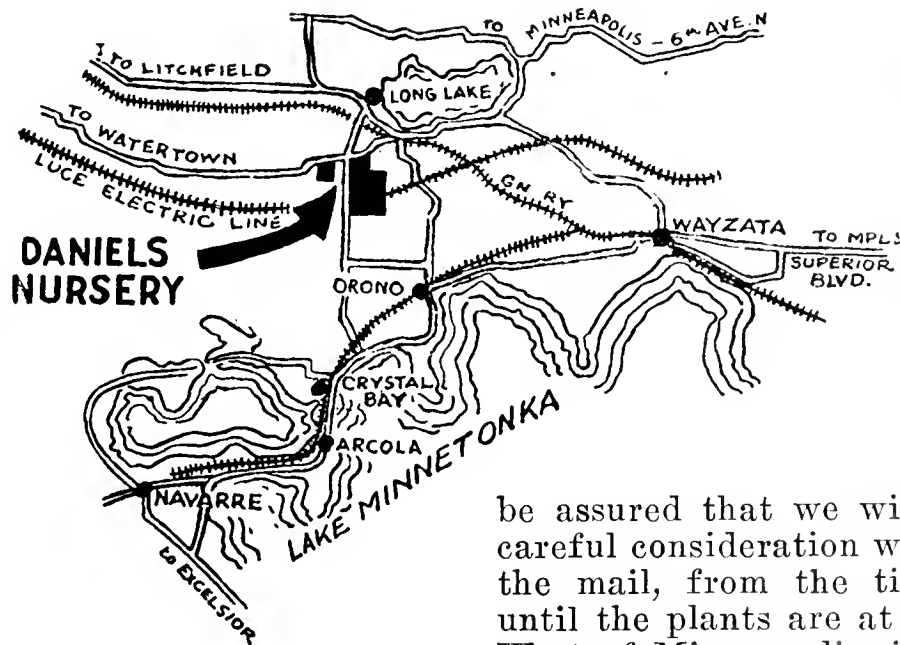
1935

FOR years we have been producing on some of Minnesota's most fertile soil, a superior, high grade assortment of plant materials—Evergreens, Shrubs, Trees, Perennials. Our excellent service and high quality plants have pleased the most discriminating home owners in the Twin Cities, the Lake Minnetonka District, and throughout the Northwest.

Our business has been successfully built on a policy of satisfying our customers. Whether it has been a matter of furnishing plants or performing services our entire organization has been trained to keep the welfare of our clients uppermost in their minds.

In the many branches of landscape service which we perform, our workers are not only men well fitted through technical training and wide practical experience, but they have been schooled to give the public that careful and courteous consideration which they have a right to expect. Whether you drive into the nursery for your plants—whether you write in for an order of stock or whether we develop, plan and plant an extensive layout for you, your needs will have our most exacting attention—and whether you order one plant or a carload it is our aim to give you such satisfactory stock and service that in the future you will come back to us for your every nursery need.

We assure you that in all dealings in the future the same policy will be carefully carried out.



An Invitation

WE INVITE you to visit our nursery where the plants and trees that we grow are on display. Courteous salesmen will be at your service to give you any information needed and to assist you in your selection. But, if this is impossible,

be assured that we will give complete service and careful consideration when you deal with us through the mail, from the time your sketch is received until the plants are at your door. We are 13 miles West of Minneapolis, just south of highway No. 12 (old No. 10) at Long Lake.

THE "HIDDEN FACTORS" In Nursery Stock



*Care in growing
means good plants
for you*

It is often said that "things are not what they seem." Probably there is no class of commodities about which this statement is more thoroughly true than Nursery Stock.

Back of every plant one buys are many factors, invisible to the naked eye, which determine whether or not that plant will be a suitable and satisfactory one to use.

The three most important of these hidden factors are: **Trueness to Name, Physiological Condition and Intrinsic Hardiness.** Probably the most outstanding reason for the universal success of Daniels Nursery Stock is the fact that in addition to providing the customer with good

looking plants of good size, well formed and heavily rooted, we have constantly striven to produce plants which are also as nearly perfect as they can possibly be in those qualities effected by these "Hidden Factors."

TRUENESS TO NAME—Only through the most painstaking efforts in every step of propagation, growing, grading, handling and packing can a nursery provide plants which are true to name. This is especially true of the fruiting plants, where individuals of different varieties cannot be identified at sight. No effort is spared to keep Daniels Nursery Stock strictly true to name. We are proud of the record we have made in this respect. Of the thousands of orchards and fruit plantings founded with our stock just as many are producing splendid, true to name crops.

PHYSIOLOGICAL CONDITION—Whether or not a plant grows well after it has been set out depends greatly on the care it has received in the hands of the planter—but frequently of greater importance is the condition of the plant when received from the nurseryman. This condition is determined by the care used on the part of the nurseryman in growing, digging, grading, handling and packing. A slight amount of neglect or abuse may result in irreparable damage—but it may not be noticeable to the planter at the outset.

During every operation Daniels plants are handled with the greatest possible care. They reach the planter in the condition that we would want them to be in were we going to plant them ourselves.



*You don't need a
magnifying glass
to see Daniels
plants grow*

INTRINSIC HARDINESS—Hardiness in itself is a matter of relativity. Not far from our nursery are some Peach trees which, with tender care, have been fruiting more or less regularly, but, although Southern and Eastern nurserymen talk of "hardy peaches," peaches should in no sense of the word be considered hardy here. This same truth applies to all types of plants.

We are growing the plants listed in this guide because of their suitability to the North. The varieties we list as hardy, whether for ornamental or fruiting purposes, are hardy—entirely so.

Daniels plants will prove hardy in your hands—

First: because of the intrinsic inbred hardiness of our varieties.

Second: because our plants are propagated in such a manner and with such roots that they are thoroughly suited to our trying climatic conditions. This is especially important in fruit trees and in those ornamentals which are budded or grafted on to an "understock." The vast majority of such plants propagated by Southern and Eastern nurserymen are grown on "root stocks" which will not prove enduring under our northern conditions.

Third: Our plants are produced here in the North under the same severe climatic conditions which they must face in your hands.

Hardiness, true hardiness, such as is found in Daniels Plants, is the real foundation of successful plantings in the North.

When you buy Daniels Plants you buy not only what you see—a well grown, well formed plant—but you also buy those three priceless "Hidden Factors"—Trueness to Name, splendid Physiological Condition and Intrinsic Hardiness. Less desirable plants are expensive at any price.



*Beware of "Bar-
gain Counter"
Stock. Daniels De-
pendable plants
are the cheapest
in the long run*

Daniels Complete Landscape Service



Through the Use of Proper Materials
Immediate Results Are Possible



OUR services are not confined alone to the production of dependable nursery stock, nor to the planning and planting of landscape developments. In addition, we maintain a trained crew ready at all times to furnish many other horticultural services. Listed below you will find some of the services you are invited to avail yourself of:

LANDSCAPE DESIGN AND PLANS. We offer you complete plans for your future developments—without charge or obligation.

CHARMING ROCK GARDENS. Exquisitely executed from native boulders or from weathered, lichen-covered limestone.

POOLS. Correctly constructed to withstand the rigors of our climate.

WALKS. Interesting and inviting flagstone walks. Constructed and designed to harmonize with your home and yard.

SHADE TREE CARE. Including the proper feeding, trimming, bracing and surgery so vital to the lasting beauty and service of all trees.

SHRUB TRIMMING. The secret of per-

petual youth and beauty in most shrubs. This work is done with that thorough knowledge and understanding of the plant's habit of growth which alone can bring about the desired results.

LAWN REJUVENATION. Run down lawns respond quickly to our thoroughly scientific treatments.

INSECT AND DISEASE CONTROL. (In the Minnetonka area.) Through the use of our powerful sprayers and the proper application of materials at the right time.

BLACK SOIL, PEAT, MINERAL AND ANIMAL FERTILIZERS. Through the use of these materials we can scientifically solve your various soil and fertility problems.

We solicit your inquiries regarding these services and their applicability to your own personal needs and will appreciate an opportunity to talk over your problems with you. We are here to render you an efficient service, not to annoy you with high-pressure salesmanship. Our experience in the past has been that our greatest increase in business—and certainly our most desirable increase—has been brought through the realization on the part of our clients that we are here to render valuable service in the truest sense of the word. We know that our business will grow and prosper only as our customers' best interests are capably served.

Mail Advisory Service

For those who are not within convenient reach of our nursery and personal service, we maintain helpful, free, mail advisory service. We will welcome your letters asking assistance with your various horticultural problems, whether they relate to the creation of landscape plans, to the selection of nursery stock, or to such problems as insect and disease control—to winter protection or to any of the many other perplexing questions that the horticulturist must solve.

The Northwest's Best Hardy Shrubs



Pink Flowering Almond

Ornamental shrubs are the backbone of all landscape plantings. Whether one is building an outdoor living room, constructing a foundation planting, or making other border plantings, hardy shrubs are indispensable. Much beauty and individuality may be secured through the varying heights, forms, flowers, barks and foliage found in the different varieties.

Of the hundreds of different shrubs, the ones we are growing have proven themselves the cream of those suited to the Northwest. Every one has its special merit. By selecting the proper assortment for each situation one can build oneself a home landscape of surpassing charm and beauty.

Our plants are infinitely superior to the so-called "bargain" shrubs so frequently offered where one has no assurance of size and quality, but is simply offered some meaningless description as "2-year-old," double X or triple X. The plants we offer are well grown with good tops and roots—unusually fine plants for the low price we ask. Twelve of one kind for 10 times the each price.

ALMOND (Pink Flowering)—4 to 5 ft.

Twigs completely covered with rose like, pink flowers in early spring. 2-3 ft., 60c; 3-4 ft., 75c.

ARROWWOOD—8 to 10 ft. An attractive shrub with peculiar dentate leaves, rich green foliage turning to rich purple and red in the fall. Greenish white flowers. Does well in moist soil. One of the best for mass plantings. 2-3 ft., 50c; 3-4 ft., 75c.

BARBERRY (Japanese, Thunbergi) —

Low, compact growing shrub much used for border or hedge plant or for group plantings. Stands shearing well. Foliage turns a bright crimson in autumn and bright scarlet berries add color all winter. 12-18 in., 25c; 18-24 in., 35c; 2-3 ft., 50c.

BARBERRY (Red Leaved)—2 ft. First foliage a warm bronzy red; the heat of the summer intensifying its red brilliancy; autumn adding other tints to its richness. Abundant scarlet berries persist through winter along the spiny twigs. A sunny exposure is necessary to bring out and retain its full red color. 12-18 in., 40c; 18-24 in., 60c; 2-3 ft., 80c.

BUCKTHORN (Common)—12-15 ft. Hardy vigorous shrub with lustrous leaves and black berries. Desirable for groups and for hedges. Stands shearing well. 2-3 ft., 30c; 3-4 ft., 50c; 4-5 ft., 75c.

BUCKTHORN (Frangulea)—6-7 ft. Finer

leaves than the Common Buckthorn. Glossy deep green. Produces red berries in the fall. An excellent border shrub. Does well in low places. 2-3 ft., 35c; 3-4 ft., 50c; 4-5 ft., 75c.

BUDDLEIA (Butterfly Bush)—5-6 ft. Very

attractive shrub with reddish-violet flowers and long gray-green leaves. Blooms all the latter part of the summer. May be planted among shrubs or for a background. Splendid as a cut flower. Winters tops kill back but come up in spring. Lower part of stem should be covered with dirt each fall. 2 yr. No. 1, 50c.

CARAGANA (Siberian Pea Tree)—10-12 ft.

The hedge plant for the North. Extremely hardy. Strong thrifty grower. Branches numerous and artistic in growth with innumerable small, sharp thorns that make the hedge more effective. Blossoms are pea like and lovely canary yellow color, coming forth in small clusters in late spring. Fine for border or group plantings also. 2-3 ft., 40c; 3-4 ft., 60c; 4-5 ft., 90c.

CHERRY, CISTENA (Dwarf Purple Leaf Sand Cherry)—4-5 ft. A dwarf shrub producing purple foliage. Fine for color throughout the season. 2-3 ft., 50c; 3-4 ft., 75c.

HARDY SHRUBS—Continued**CORALBERRY (Red Snowberry)—3-4 ft.**

A slender branching upright shrub, valuable for planting in shady places. Red to purple berries in late summer and fall. Entirely hardy and grows where other plants fail. 18-24 in., 35c; 2-3 ft., 50c; 3-4 ft., 60c.

COTONEASTER (Quince Berry)—6 ft.

A handsome shrub, well meriting its popularity. Dense growing with ornamental, dark, glossy green leaves. Very desirable for foundation plantings. Small pink blossoms in early spring followed by black berries throughout fall and winter. 18-24 in., 25c; 2-3 ft., 40c; 3-4 ft., 60c.

CRAB (Bechtel's)—10-15 ft.

A splendid, tree-like shrub. Covered in spring with intensely double rose-like pink blossoms. Used as a shrub or is a desirable lawn specimen. 2-3 ft., 60c; 3-4 ft., \$1.25; 4-5 ft., \$2.00.

CRANBERRY (High Bush)—8-10 ft.

Very hardy Viburnum. White flowers in June. During fall and winter the bush is literally loaded with bright red fruit, resembling the cranberry in color, size and flavor. Useful for jelly. 18-24 in., 35c; 2-3 ft., 50c; 3-4 ft., 75c; 4-5 ft., \$1.00.

CURRENT (Alpine)—3-4 ft.

Dwarf shrub. Dense growth. Fine, dark green leaves. One of the best low to medium height shrubs for planting under most all conditions. 12-18 in., 35c; 18-24 in., 50c; 2-3 ft., 75c.

DOGWOOD (Gray Bark)—5-6 ft.

Gray branches, white flowers in May and June. Striking white fruit in fall. 18-24 in., 35c; 2-3 ft., 50c; 3-4 ft., 75c; 4-5 ft., \$1.00.

DOGWOOD (Golden)—6 ft.

A very pleasing shrub similar in manner of growth to the Red Twig Dogwood, but especially



Cotoneaster

valuable for its bright yellow bark which makes a pleasing contrast with the Red Twig or other shrubs in winter. 2-3 ft., 50c; 3-4 ft., 75c; 4-5 ft., \$1.00.

DOGWOOD (Red Twigged)—6-7 ft.

Good for border groupings, where the smooth, slender, bright red branches in winter make a very pleasing contrast with evergreens and snow. Small white blossoms early in summer, succeeded by a fall crop of ornamental berries. Good foliage. 18-24 in., 30c; 2-3 ft., 40c; 3-4 ft., 60c; 4-5 ft., 85c.

DOGWOOD (Variegated-leaved) — 4-5 ft.

Highly decorative because of its white striped green leaves and red bark. An outstanding shrub wherever used. 18-24 in., 50c; 2-3 ft., 75c; 3-4 ft., 85c.

ELDERBERRY (Black-berried) — 6 ft.

Heavy, broad clusters of white blossoms in July, followed by edible black fruit. A very rapid growing shrub. 2-3 ft., 50c; 3-4 ft., 75c; 4-5 ft., 90c.

ELDER (Cut-leaf)—6-7 ft.

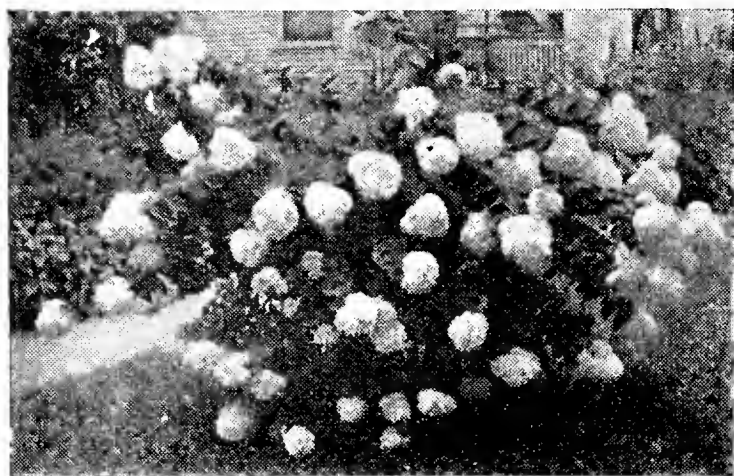
Great handsome cymes of delicate, white, fragrant flowers in June and July, followed by large clusters of fruits. 2-3 ft., 50c; 3-4 ft., 75c; 4-5 ft., 90c.

ELDER (Golden-Leaf)—6-7 ft.

The gorgeous golden beauty of this splendid hardy shrub makes a wonderful background, and its bushy, vigorous growth makes the most effective sort of a screen. Plant it in a sunny place, and its golden beauty will more than repay you. Will thrive in moist places. 2-3 ft., 50c; 3-4 ft., 75c; 4-5 ft., 90c.



Golden Elder



Hydrangea Pee Gee

HARDY SHRUBS—Continued

EUONYMUS ALATUS (Winged Burning Bush or Spindlewood)—5-6 ft. Of Japanese character. Has wing-like bark. Brilliant scarlet foliage and red berries in fall. A truly beautiful shrub. 18-24 in., 50c; 2-3 ft., 75c; 3-4 ft., \$1.00; 4-5 ft., \$1.25.

EUONYMUS (Common Burning Bush)—6-7 ft. Tall, erect shrub for border or evergreen planting. Produces great masses of orange-scarlet berries. Very effective for fall color. 2-3 ft., 60c; 3-4 ft., 85c; 4-5 ft., \$1.00.

HONEYSUCKLE (Morrows) — 5-6 ft. A distinctive type. Semi-spreading, drooping branches. White flowers in June followed by brilliant red fruits in August. Foliage grayish-green hue, pubescent. A charming color variation in the border planting. 18-24 in., 30c; 2-3 ft., 50c; 3-4 ft., 75c; 4-5 ft., 90c.

HONEYSUCKLE (Tartarian, Pink) — 8-10 ft. Strong, upright growing shrub which thrives under all conditions. Produces an abundance of pink flowers in May followed by masses of red fruit in autumn. 18-24 in., 30c; 2-3 ft., 40c; 3-4 ft., 60c; 4-5 ft., 90c.

HONEYSUCKLE (Tartarian, White) — 8-10 ft. Similar in manner of growth to the Pink Honeysuckle. The blossoms are white. Attractive bright red berries make the bush especially attractive in August. 18-24 in., 30c; 2-3 ft., 40c; 3-4 ft., 60c; 4-5 ft., 90c.

HYDRANGEA (Hills of Snow) — 3-4 ft. Blooms from June until frost. The flowers are large, snow white, and produced in abundance. Valuable also because it comes when blooms are scarce, just after the abundance of blossoms of spring. A fine shrub for shady locations. 12-18 in., 25c; 18-24 in., 40c; 2-3 ft., 50c; 3-4 ft., 75c.

HYDRANGEA (Pee Gee)—3-4 ft. A beautiful shrub with leaves of bright, glossy green; flowers borne in huge pinacles from 8 to 12 inches long, light pink, changing to brown later in the fall. Blooms in August and September. The blooms are very lasting and may be cut and taken into the house without losing either color or size. 12-18 in., 25c; 18-24 in., 40c; 2-3 ft., 50c; 3-4 ft., 75c.

JUNEBERRY—6-7 ft. An early flowering shrub producing white flowers in May followed by red berries which turn a deep purple. Edible. 18-24 in., 35c; 2-3 ft., 50c; 3-4 ft., 75c; 4-5 ft., \$1.00.

LILAC (Common Purple)—6-8 ft. The well-known, old fashioned purple lilac. Your home landscape needs its exquisite purple colorings and sweet fragrance. 18-24 in., 25c; 2-3 ft., 35c; 3-4 ft., 50c; 4-5 ft., 90c; 5-6 ft., \$1.50.

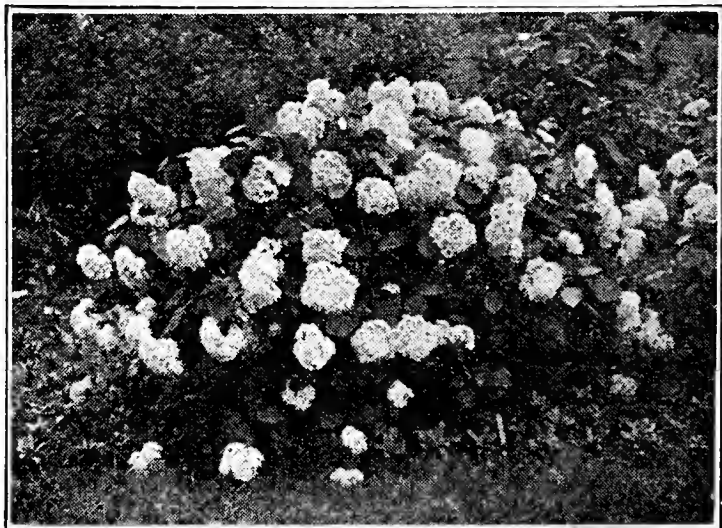
LILAC (Common White)—6-8 ft. Similar in habit of growth to the Purple Lilac but produces fine, lacy-like blooms, fragrant. 18-24 in., 25c; 2-3 ft., 35c; 3-4 ft., 50c; 4-5 ft., 90c.

LILAC (Persian)—6-7 ft. Slender growth, fine leaves and many branchings. Does not sucker like the common varieties. Pale, purple flowers early in the season. 18-24 in., 30c; 2-3 ft., 40c; 3-4 ft., 60c; 4-5 ft., 90c.

LILAC (Rothmagensis)—5-6 ft. A late, profuse blooming, red lilac. Delicately formed leaves. Very attractive shrub. 18-24 in., 35c; 2-3 ft., 50c; 3-4 ft., 75c; 4-5 ft., \$1.00.

LILAC (Villosa)—10 ft. Late flowering, bushy, upright growth. Rich dark foliage, pinkish lilac flowers. A desirable hardy shrub, ornamental both in and out of flower. 18-24 in., 35c; 2-3 ft., 50c; 3-4 ft., 75c; 4-5 ft., 90c.

FRENCH LILACS—6-8 ft. The bush is a little smaller than the common lilac, but there is no comparison in the flowers. The flower stalks of the hybrids are many times as large as the common lilac. It is not uncommon to see flower spikes 15 inches long. The French lilacs are particularly desirable for garden planting where their beautiful trusses contrast splendidly with spring flowers planted beneath. All the varieties listed below are hardy, free flowering sorts, which will prove highly satisfactory. 18-24 in., 40c; 2-3 ft., 50c; 3-4 ft., 75c; 4-5 ft., \$1.00; 5-6 ft., \$1.75.



Hydrangea Hills of Snow

HARDY SHRUBS—Continued**French named varieties—**

Alfonse LaValle. Double, clear lavender.

Belle de Nancy. Double, rose lilac.

Charles Jolly. Double, very dark purple.

Charles X. Single, reddish lilac.

Ludwig Spaeth. Single, very deep maroon red.

Madam Lemoine. Large, pure white, double.

Marie LeGraye. Single, white; plant dwarf.

Michel Buchner. Double, pale pink, large flower.

Pres. Grevy. Double, blue; best of this color.

MATRIMONY VINE—Used both as a low shrub and as a vine. Very successful as a ground cover and soil retainer on steep slopes and embankments. Produces large numbers of purple flowers which are succeeded by bright scarlet berries sometimes almost an inch long. It blooms throughout the summer and the fruit remains on the vine until late in the winter. 2 yr., 40c; 3 yr., 60c.

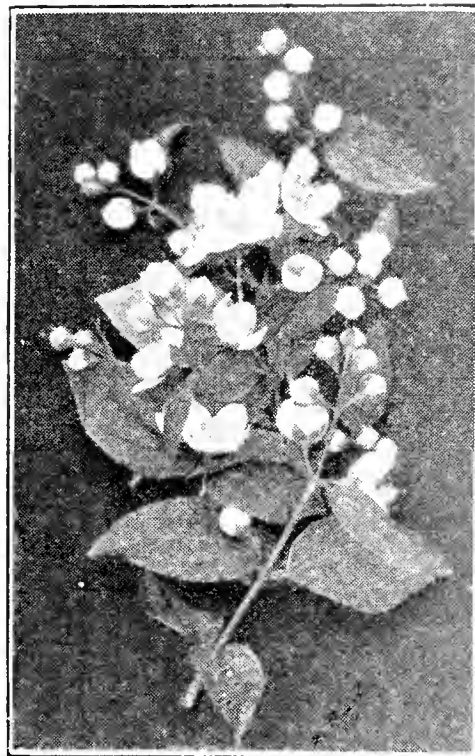
MAPLE (Tartarian or Ginnala)—6-8 ft. A dwarf shrubby tree with handsome, finely cut leaves. Attractive clusters of winged seed pods. Leaves turn to a brilliant shade of crimson in the fall. 2-3 ft., 40c; 3-4 ft., 60c; 4-5 ft., 90c.

MOCK ORANGE (Coronarius) — 5-6 ft. Sweet scented. A hardy, vigorous growing shrub valuable for many locations and loved because of its pure white, sweetly scented flowers which are borne in profusion in June. 18-24 in., 35c; 2-3 ft., 50c; 3-4 ft., 75c; 4-5 ft., 90c.

MOCK ORANGE (Grandiflora) — 8-10 ft. Large flowering. Fairly covered with large, creamy white flowers in early summer. Unrivalled for screening or back ground in a heavy planting. 18-24 in., 35c; 2-3 ft., 50c; 3-4 ft., 75c; 4-5 ft., 90c.



MOCK ORANGE (Lemoine)—4-5 ft. A showy and free blooming variety with slender arching branches. Flowers creamy white and very fragrant. 18-24 in., 35c; 2-3 ft., 50c; 3-4 ft., 75c.



Mock Orange

MOCK ORANGE (Virginal) — 6-7 ft. A magnificent New Mock Orange. It has large petals, double crested white flowers, five to seven in a cluster, sweet scented and a long blooming season. This shrub should be in every planting. 18-24 in., 40c; 2-3 ft., 60c; 3-4 ft., 90c; 4-5 ft., \$1.25.

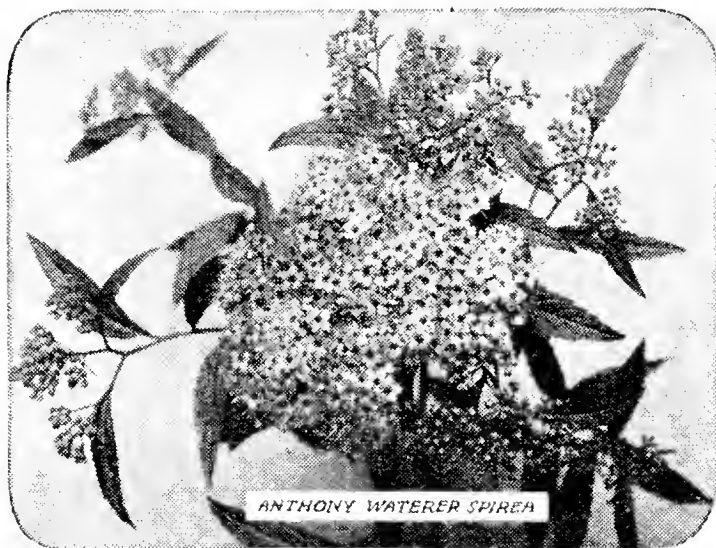
OLIVE (Russian)—10-12 ft. While this plant really is a small tree; yet when it is kept pruned rather severely, it forms a most attractive shrub. Its foliage is of a remarkable silvery-hue, showing up in striking contrast to the green of other shrubs and trees. Has fragrant yellow flowers, followed by yellowish-green fruits. Very hardy. 2-3 ft., 35c; 3-4 ft., 50c; 4-5 ft., 75c; 5-6 ft., \$1.00.

PLUM (Newport)—10-12 ft. The best red-leaved tree for the north. Origination of the Minnesota Fruit Breeding Farm. A very desirable shrub or small tree to use where red foliage effect is desired. The leaves are smooth and richly colored a very bright red. This color is held throughout the season. A slow growing tree of great refinement. 3-4 ft., 75c; 4-5 ft., \$1.25.

PLUM (Double Flowering or Rose Tree of China)—6-7 ft. A beautiful shrub or small tree. In early spring, just as the leaves begin to start, the branches are covered with small, very double, rose-like flowers an inch in diameter. The whole tree is decked in a fleecy cloud of very double light pink blossoms. 18-24 in., 35c; 2-3 ft., 50c; 3-4 ft., 75c; 4-5 ft., \$1.25.

ROSE RUGOSA—A very hardy bush rose that needs no winter covering. Dark green crinkled foliage and bright pink flowers make it exceedingly ornamental. Bright scarlet fruits appear during summer and fall. 2 yr., 60c each; 3 yr., 75c.

ROSES (Other Varieties)—See page 10.



Spirea Anthony Waterer

HARDY SHRUBS—Continued**SPIREA ANTHONY WATERER**—18-24 in.

A very popular low growing bush, constantly in bloom all summer. Flower clusters large, flat topped and of deep rose color. The leaves are frequently variegated yellow and red. 12-18 in., 35c; 18-24 in., 50c; 2-3 ft., 75c.

SPIREA ARGUTA SNOW GARLAND—4-5

ft. A Japanese variety of stiff irregular growth with white flowers which completely cover the twigs before the leaves appear in the spring. Attractive light, feathery foliage. One of the first shrubs to bloom in the spring. Splendid in a foundation planting. 18-24 in., 35c; 2-3 ft., 50c; 3-4 ft., 75c.

SPIREA BILLARDI—4-5 ft. Sometimes

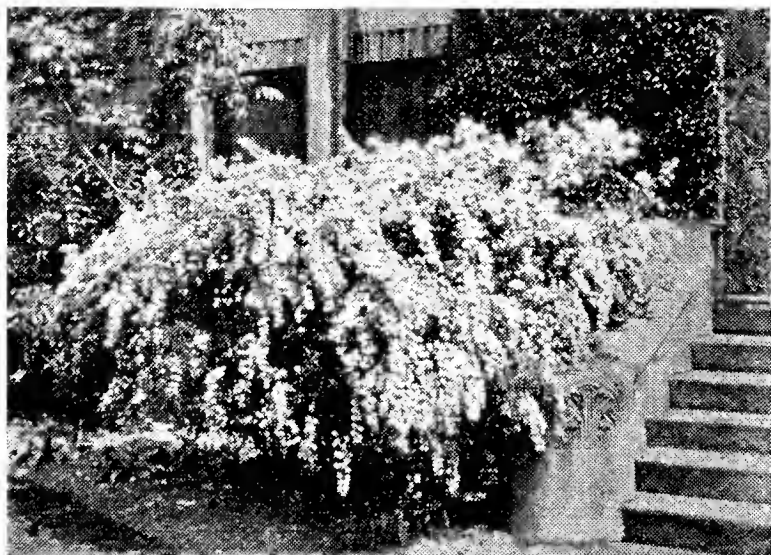
known as the Pink Summer Spirea. Tall, erect shrub with canes terminated by feathery plumes, 5 to 8 inches long, of dainty pink color. Blooms when other shrubs are out of flower. 18-24 in., 35c; 2-3 ft., 50c; 3-4 ft., 75c.

SPIREA FROBELI—2-3 ft. A low, bushy

shrub of the Anthony Waterer type, but more sturdy in habit. Canes distinctly reddish; young foliage tinged red. Flowers rose color. Brilliantly colored in autumn. 12-18 in., 25c; 18-24 in., 35c; 2-3 ft., 50c.

SPIREA OPULIFOLIA (Ninebark)—6-7 ft.

The largest growing species of this group.



Spirea Van Houtte

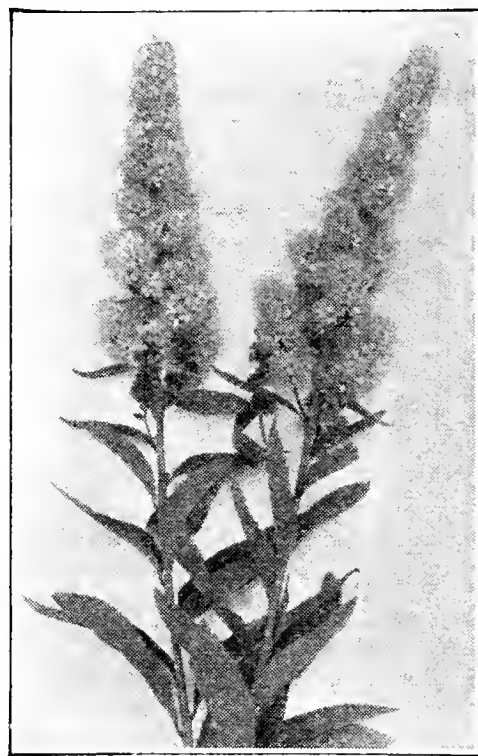
Valuable for massing and also for background for other shrubs. Many small clusters of white flowers followed by red seed pods. 18-24 in., 35c; 2-3 ft., 50c; 3-4 ft., 75c; 4-5 ft., 90c.

SPIREA SORBIFOLIA—4-5 ft. Of a vigor-

ous species with leaves similar to Mt. Ash and long elegant spikes of white flowers. Stands either full sun or partial shade. 18-24 in., 35c; 2-3 ft., 50c; 3-4 ft., 75c.

SPIREA VAN HOUTTE—5-6 ft. This is the

most popular of all the spireas, and is more largely planted than any other one shrub. Its graceful arching branches heaped as they are with the white blossoms in spring and its thriftiness under the most trying conditions are the reasons for its popularity. It is adapted to many purposes in outdoor decoration and wherever it is put gives beauty and cheer in return. 18-24 in., 25c; 2-3 ft., 35c; 3-4 ft., 50c; 4-5 ft., 75c.



Spirea Billardi

SNOWBERRY (Waxberry)—3-4 ft. A rather

low growing shrub with small pink flowers followed by large clusters of white berries which hang on until winter. Has an attractive bright foliage throughout the season. 18-24 in., 35c; 2-3 ft., 50c; 3-4 ft., 60c.

TAMARIX (Salt Cedar)—6-7 ft. Will grow

on any soil and under any conditions. Has feathery, silvery-gray green foliage, with long pinnacles of deep pink flowers. A distinctive type of shrub. 2-3 ft., 50c; 3-4 ft., 75c.

WAYFARING TREE—5-6 ft. A gray-barked,

gray foliage shrub, turning to a beautiful crimson in the fall. Produces large clusters of red berries, turning to black. 2-3 ft., 60c; 3-4 ft., 75c.

WEIGELIA ROSEA—5 ft. The most widely

used of the Weigelias and always a favorite because of its delicate pink, bell-shaped blossoms that are borne in great profusion along the arching stems. Splendid foliage. 2-3 ft., 75c; 3-4 ft., 85c.

Daniels Gay, Green, Hardy Vines

Pleasing climbers that screen, cover and beautify

Nothing provides a home-like and restful appearance more quickly than a covering of green vines for blank walls, bare fences and arbors. We are particularly fortunate in being able to offer the finest specimen vines we have had for many seasons.

BITTERSWEET—"A spray of bittersweet is a lasting thing. Pulled from the fence in pine-sweet woods, First fall the leaves, Next splits orange calyx fair—Revealing the crimson heart; and so throughout dull wintertime it stays, A bold bright memory of Autumn days." Always plant three or more vines to be sure of an abundant production of berries. 2 yr., 50c; 3 yr., 75c.

BOSTON IVY—Small leaved, dense foliage completely carpeting a surface and the autumnal tints of green and red are unsurpassed for beauty. 2 yr., 60c; 3 yr., 75c.

CLEMATIS JACKMANI—The most popular of the large flowering clematis hybrids. A strong grower and produces a mass of intense violet-purple flowers four to six inches in diameter, from July until October. 2 yr., 75c; 3 yr., \$1.25.

CLEMATIS PANICULATA (Sweet Japan Clematis)—Flowers small, star shaped and creamy white. A luxuriant grower, profuse bloomer and possessing fine foliage. Very fragrant. 2 yr., 75c; 3 yr., \$1.00.

BETA GRAPE—One of the most hardy of the cultivated grapes. A more rapid grower than the wild grape, to which it is superior in every respect as a cultivated grape. 2 yr., 50c; 3 yr., 75c.

VIRGINIA CREEPER (Engelmanni)—The best hardy vine for brick, concrete or stucco surfaces. Much smaller foliage and thicker than the common variety of Creeper. Red fall foliage. 2 yr., 40c; 3 yr., 60c.



Bittersweet

SCARLET TRUMPET HONEYSUCKLE—This splendid variety with its interesting twining method of growth is generally considered the finest of the honeysuckle vines. Brilliant yellow throated scarlet flowers. Long blooming period. 2 yr., 50c; 3 yr., 75c.

VIRGINIA CREEPER (American Woodbine)—Entirely hardy. A quick strong grower. Brilliant red fall foliage. 2 yr., 40c; 3 yr., 60c.

Daniels Hedging Shrubs

Living, Lasting Fences



A fence which gives no offence.

The proper use of hedges add immeasurably to the attractiveness of one's home grounds. They will effectively mark a boundary line, serve as a screen, or furnish a pleasing background for an informal planting. If we

treat the garden as a logical extension of the house, the walls form a chief link between the two elements. Here, as in everything else a sense of fitness must be observed.

Very often home grounds that seem utterly wasted when open take on a new character and charm when enclosed. Indeed the hedge wall introduces values beyond those of protecting and screening.

In this group we offer fine, strong plants, suitable for starting live fences. These are well grown, strong rooted hedging size specimens which will give quick results.

For descriptions see pages 4 to 8.

PRICES PER 100 ON DANIELS HEDGING SHRUBS

	25 or more at the 100 price			
	12-18"	18-24"	2-3'	3-4'
Barberry, Japanese.....	\$18.50	\$22.50		
Buckthorn	12.50	15.00	\$17.50	\$20.00
Caragana	10.00	12.50	17.50	20.00
Cotoneaster	12.50	17.50	25.00	35.00
Currant, Alpine.....	25.00	35.00		
Elm, Chinese.....			20.00	
Dogwood, Red Twig.....		25.00	30.00	40.00
Hansa Rose.....		35.00		
Honeysuckle, Tartarian		25.00	30.00	40.00
Lilac, Common Purple..		15.00	20.00	30.00
Rugosa Rose.....		30.00	35.00	
Spiraea, Bridal Wreath..	17.50	20.00	25.00	



Belle Poitevine

Daniels Eskimo Roses

The Hardest Everbloomers

The Rugosa Rose Hybrids, or Eskimo Roses, as they are often called because of their extreme hardiness, are the best roses for general growing throughout the Northwest as they are not only perpetual bloomers, most attractive in appearance of bloom, foliage and hips, highly fragrant, but are thoroughly hardy without winter protection in Minnesota and the Dakotas. The beautiful double blossoms are vastly superior to those of the old style single rugosa roses. They usually require no spraying and are the most easily grown of all the roses. They should be used frequently in the border as are the hardy shrubs. We offer the outstanding varieties.

Large 2 year No. 1 plants, 60c each; 1 each of the six varieties for \$3.00

SAVE MONEY

Ordering early entitles you to substantial discounts—See page 30.

BLANC DE COUBERT—Snow white blooms, double and fragrant, and arranged in clusters. This variety is at its best in the summer and fall. In form it closely resembles the Hansa, and like that variety is excellent for hedges. Thrives in the coldest places. Especially pretty in half open bud.

BELLE POITEVINE—The full, double flowers are of bright rose pink and in loose clusters. Blooms start in June and continue until fall. Very dense growing. Ideal for hedges and foundation plantings; but also makes a good specimen. Entirely hardy.

F. J. GROOTENDORST—Bright crimson. A new variety of unusual merit commonly called "The Baby Rambler Rugosa Rose." Because of its iron-clad hardiness it may be used in shrub borders. With its continuous production of clusters of bright crimson bloom, it stands out strikingly from early summer until frost.

HANSA—Deep red. One of the hardest, most dependable and most all round satisfactory of the red roses. The large, double red flowers have an attractive violet tinge, and are produced in great abundance from early summer until late fall. The plants are vigorous growers with shiny green foliage and hardy enough to stand the most severe climate without protection. If you love red roses in profusion all season in the shrub border, the rose garden or as a hedge, then plant Hansa. It never disappoints!

SIR THOMAS LIPTON—Snowy white. The large, double, pure white blossoms of this splendid variety are borne continuously in clusters on strong stems. The foliage is a very attractive dark leathery green. An outstanding favorite.



Gruss an Teplitz

Rose Culture

Roses delight in a warm location where they will receive plenty of sunshine. They are at their best when not competing with larger plants for their moisture and light. The Rugosa Hybrids, however, seem to do well under the ordinary competition of other plants in the shrub border.

Any effort expended in making the soil rich will be generously rewarded with increase in both size and number of blooms. Roses, especially budded varieties, should be planted considerably deeper than they grew formerly.

At planting they should be pruned back to two or three stems with only four or five buds on each. A mulch of well rotted manure or peat on top of the soil will prove highly beneficial to the plants.

Daniels Beautiful Roses

The Queen of All Flowers

The rose is unquestionably the most popular of all flowering plants. Their fragrant blooms with varying form and color are unsurpassed by other plants.

Our roses are grown especially to meet the rugged climatic conditions of the Northwest. They are hardy, field grown, of the largest two-year-old grade, full of vigor and life, ready to bloom for you just a few weeks after planting.

Roses should be pruned back heavily when planted. The success of their growth the first year depends largely on the pruning given them at this time. We will be glad to prune your roses before shipping, if you will so specify in your order.



Excelsa

Climbing Roses

EXCELSA (Red Dorothy Perkins)—Probably surpasses all other climbing roses in hardiness and the equal of any of them in general desirability. The clean, healthy leaves, are bright glossy green, making it exceptionally valuable when not in bloom. Flowers are large for a climbing rose, very double and are born in clusters. The bright crimson petals are tipped with scarlet. Large sized plants, ready to bloom. 60c each.

GARDENIA—Of all the climbing roses there is no yellow one so satisfactory as the Gardenia. Not only is it the hardiest of the yellow roses, but it is also a strong grower and a free producer of beautiful yellow blooms. 60c each.

PAUL'S SCARLET CLIMBER—Called by some "The Reddest Rose That Grows." Intense scarlet coloring, holding its brilliant color until the petals fall. Blossoms are large, semi-double and cling to the bush for an unusually long time. Hardy and a vigorous grower. No other rose will give the same effect. 60c each.

DR. VAN FLEET—A climbing rose of unsurpassed merit, combining vigorous growth, unusual beauty and intense fragrance. The enormous flowers of light pink, shading deeper at the center are borne singly on stems of unusual length so that it is a splendid rose for cutting purposes. Considered by many to be the best of all climbers. 60c each.

Bush Roses

HUGONIS (Golden Rose of China)—Bears single flowers in long, arching spray. Perfectly hardy. Makes a large, shapely shrub of 6 feet in height and blossoms about the same season as Spirea Van Houtte. 60c each.

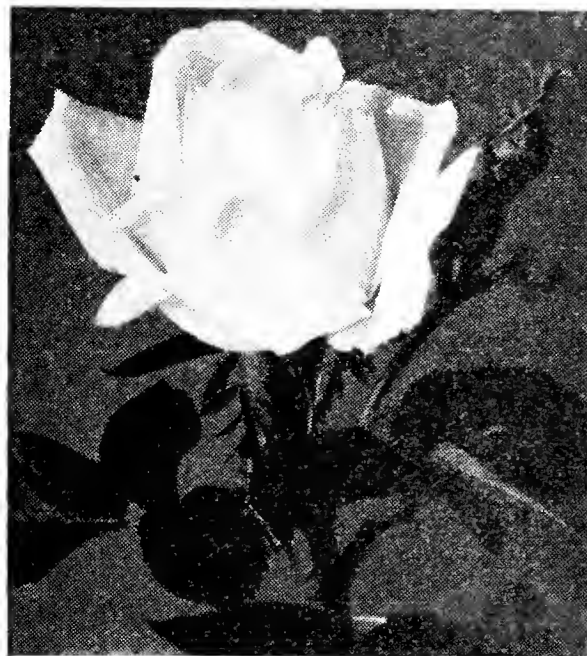
Roses Easy to Grow

There is no mystery about the culture of roses. If their few simple needs are tended to they may be grown as readily as our other common shrubs. The hardy Rugosa Hybrids for instance, require no more care than a Hydrangea. Nevertheless, they will respond more generously to understanding care in the way of cultivation, fertilization and pruning than do most shrubs.

The same is true of the less hardy varieties that we list except that they, in most locations, require some form of simple winter protection.

FRAU KARL DRUSCHKI (Hybrid Perpetual)—

Often called the Snow Queen. White. This most beautiful of the white roses is commonly called the White American Beauty. Its unusually attractive, long pointed buds are followed with large pure white, perfectly formed double blooms, frequently six inches in diameter. Blooms in June and all summer. 60c each.

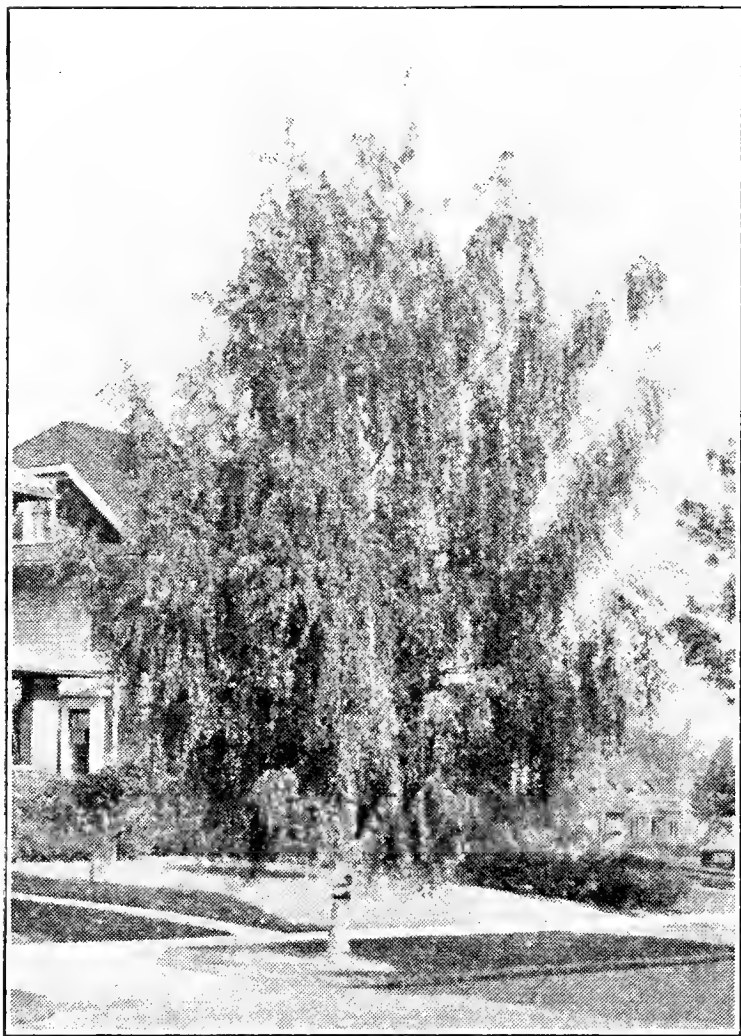


Frau Karl Druschki

PAUL NEYRON (Hybrid Perpetual)—Pink. One of the finest roses for outdoor culture and one of the largest. The clear pink blooms which shade to a beautiful rose are borne from June until frost on long, smooth, thornless stems. Delightful fragrance. Fine fall bloomer. One of the most popular roses. 60c each.

GRUSS AN TEPLITZ (Hybrid Tea)—Crimson. Probably the best of all crimson roses for garden decoration. It blooms freely from June until frost, topping the shapely, vigorous plant with large, fragrant, crimson-scarlet flowers of intense depth and richness of color. Needs winter covering. One of the showiest of garden roses. 60c each.

HARRISON'S YELLOW—Yellow. A splendid old favorite and one of the finest shrubby types for the yard. Early in the season the entire bush is covered with a mass of beautiful, fragrant roses of deep golden yellow. One of the hardiest of the roses and suitable to all locations. 60c each.



Cut Leaf Weeping Birch

Daniels Lawn Trees

No outdoor living room is complete without the cool shade of properly placed trees. Then too, they furnish a suitable framing for both close and distant views in the landscape and when used for screening effects add a comfortable feeling of privacy. Our hardy Northern grown trees have well developed root systems which insure you quick and certain growth.

ASH, AMERICAN WHITE—A tall growing native tree. Straight, clean growth, round head and dense foliage. In autumn the foliage coloring is unusually beautiful. 5-6 ft., 60c; 6-8 ft., 75c; 8-10 ft., \$1.00; 1½ in., \$2.00; 2 in., \$2.50; 2½ in., \$3.50; 3 in., \$5.00.

ASH, MOUNTAIN—One of the most popular of the small lawn trees. White flowers in spring followed by large clusters of orange red berries which remain throughout the winter. Graceful spreading branches and finely cut foliage. 4-5 ft., 75c; 5-6 ft., \$1.00; 6-8 ft., \$1.50; 8-10 ft., \$2.00; 1½-2 in., \$2.75; 2 in., \$3.50; 2½ in., \$4.50.

BASSWOOD (American Linden) — Grows about 60 ft. high. Rapid growing. Large size, forming a broad round topped head. Leaves broadly oval, dark green above, light green underneath. Flowers creamy white and highly scented. 6-8 ft., 75c; 8-10 ft., \$1.25; 1½ in., \$2.50; 2 in., \$3.00; 2½ in., \$4.00; 3 in., \$5.50.

BIRCH, WHITE—A beautiful, graceful, upright growing tree famed for its attractive bark. A favorite for lawn tree planting. Effective when planted singly or in groups. If planted three or four in one clump one will get the natural effect of native growing trees. 5-6 ft., \$1.00; 6-8 ft., \$1.50; 8-10 ft., \$2.25; 1½ in., \$3.50; 2 in., \$4.00.

BIRCH, CUTLEAF WEEPING—One of the most admired of all lawn trees. Distinguished for its unusual grace in character and outline. Its white bark, long drooping branches and finely cut foliage give a particularly artistic touch to the landscape. 5-6 ft., \$2.00; 6-8 ft., \$2.75; 8-10 ft., \$3.75; 1½ in., \$4.50; 2 in., \$5.50.

BUTTERNUT—A rapid growing attractive native tree which bears thick meated nuts of high quality in great abundance. May be used as a lawn tree or is well adapted to planting in groves or wood lots. 5-6 ft., \$1.00; 6-8 ft., \$1.50; 8-10 ft., \$2.00; 1½ in., \$3.00; 2 in., \$4.00; 2½ in., \$5.00.

DOLGO CRABAPPLE — A splendid lawn tree. Large clusters of creamy white blossoms followed by clusters of long, conical fruits of intense red color. Fruits are excellent for jelly making. 4-5 ft., \$1.00; 5-6 ft., \$1.50; 6-7 ft., \$2.00; 1½ in. to 1¾ in., \$3.00.

CRABAPPLE, HOPA — A very attractive ornamental tree with large red blossoms in the spring followed by red fruits. Leaves color beautifully in the fall. 3-4 ft., 75c; 4-5 ft., \$1.00; 5-6 ft., \$1.50; 6-8 ft., \$2.00; 1½ in., \$3.00.

ELM, AMERICAN—The most popular tree for shade, street and lawn plantings. A rapid grower and long lived. 5-6 ft., 50c; 6-8 ft., 75c; 8-10 ft., \$1.00; 1½ in., \$2.00; 2 in., \$2.50; 2½ in., \$3.50; 3 in., \$5.00; 3½ in., \$8.00; 4 in., \$12.00.

ELM, CHINESE—A new shade tree introduced from China. A very rapid grower with slender, wiry branches. One of the first trees to leaf out in the spring and the last to shed its leaves in the fall. Remarkably free from insects and diseases. Very hardy and has proved valuable under a greater variety of climatic and soil conditions than any tree yet introduced. 3-4 ft., 25c; 4-5 ft., 50c; 5-6 ft., 75c; 6-8 ft., \$1.00; 8-10 ft., \$1.50; 1¼-1½ in., \$2.25; 1½-2 in., \$2.75; 2 in., \$3.25.



Chinese Elm

HACKBERRY—Its light green leaves are glossy, pointed; the branches spread horizontally forming a wide, elm shaped head of medium size. Vigorous, hardy and healthy—thrives in all soils. 5-6 ft., 75c; 6-8 ft., \$1.00; 8-10 ft., \$1.50; 1½ in., \$2.50.

HARD MAPLE (Sugar Maple)—One of the most desirable shade and ornamental trees. A symmetrical tree of great beauty. Deeply lobed, dark green leaves taking on beautiful vivid tints in the fall. 6-8 ft., \$2.00; 8-10 ft., \$3.00; 1½ in., \$4.00; 2 in., \$5.00; 2½ in., \$6.00; 3 in., \$7.50.

NORWAY MAPLE—One of the best ornamental trees. One of the Hard Maples but faster growing than the Sugar Maple. Has broad deep green foliage, very compact growth. Valuable for parks, lawns and streets. 5-6 ft., \$1.25; 6-8 ft., \$2.00; 8-10 ft., \$3.00; 1½ in., \$4.00; 2 in., \$5.00.

WEIRS CUT LEAF MAPLE—A graceful variety, remarkable for its pendulous drooping branches; foliage abundant, silvery underneath, deeply and delicately cut. One of the most attractive lawn trees. 8-10 ft., \$2.50; 1½ in., \$3.50.

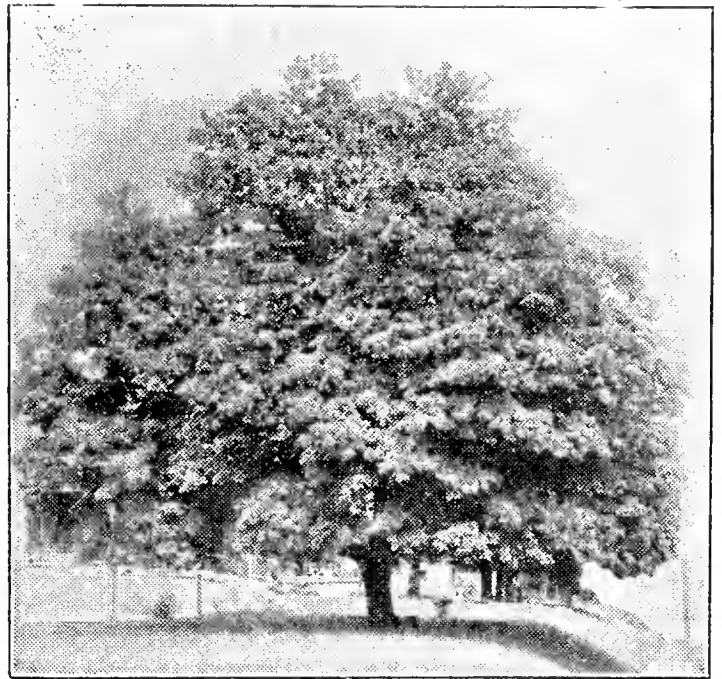


Niobe Weeping Willow

NEWPORT RED FOLIAGE PLUM—A beautifully colored plum tree. Valuable as a specimen tree or in the border because of its highly colored purplish-red foliage. The color persists through the entire year and is especially emphasized as the brightly colored new tips, which push out during the season, are contrasted against the duller hue. 5-6 ft., \$1.50.

BOLLEANA POPLAR—Probably the most desirable of all the slender, upright growing trees. Its spire-like, columnar form and glossy green leaves with downy white undersides have made it exceedingly popular where a strong vertical accent is desired in the landscape. 4-5 ft., 75c; 5-6 ft., \$1.00; 6-8 ft., \$1.25; 8-10 ft., \$1.50; 1½ in., \$2.50; 2 in., \$3.50; 2½ in., \$5.00.

LOMBARDY POPLAR—A hardy, quick-growing ornamental tree of especial value where a slender upright form is desired. 4-5 ft., 35c; 5-6 ft., 50c; 6-8 ft., 75c; 8-10 ft., \$1.25; 1½ in., \$2.00; 2 in., \$2.50; 2½ in., \$3.50.



Sugar Maple

NORWAY POPLAR—A very hardy, quick-growing tree. One of the best for quick screen plantings and windbreak purposes. Its splendid, clean cut branching system and bright green foliage are attractive under all conditions. 5-6 ft., 50c; 6-8 ft., 75c; 8-10 ft., \$1.00; 1½ in., \$2.00.

BLACK WALNUT—A hardy nut tree that is rapidly increasing in popularity for ornamental purposes for, in addition to being a splendid shade tree it is a heavy producer of deliciously flavored, meaty nuts. The high value of the wood for manufacturing purposes has rapidly depleted the native stocks of these trees and has made the increased planting of them especially desirable. 4-5 ft., 75c; 5-6 ft., \$1.00; 6-8 ft., \$2.00; 8-10 ft., \$3.00.

NIOBE WEeping WILLOW—The best of the weeping willows. While it is a rapid grower it is perfectly hardy. A clean type of tree, free from litter of broken branches and other trash so common in some willows. Its form is that of a graceful weeping tree and this, with its beautiful golden bark, makes it exceedingly attractive both in summer and winter. 5-6 ft., \$1.00; 6-8 ft., \$2.00; 8-10 ft., \$2.50; 1½ in., \$3.00; 2 in., \$4.00.

Daniels Tree Protective Service

A good tree is one of the most valuable assets a piece of property can possess. It is a part of one's domain, so treasured, so truly valuable that its well being must be conscientiously guarded. If you list among your treasures one or more fine trees you will be interested in DANIELS TREE PROTECTIVE SERVICE—the best and safest form of "insurance" you can write for them.

We can serve you efficiently and economically whether it be a matter of **LIGHT TRIMMING, HEAVY PRUNING, BRACING, FEEDING, SPRAYING, CAVITY WORK, TREE SURGERY, OR OTHER TREE WORK.**

Daniels Beautiful Evergreens



Pfitzers Juniper

the winter and summer. Whether in the foundation planting, border planting, screen or windbreak, evergreens give what no other trees can—twelve months of complete service and beauty.

We take the greatest pains in growing our evergreens so that they will give you 100 per cent satisfaction. The trees offered below have been transplanted several times, depending on the size, and the roots pruned in such a manner that a heavy growth of fibrous roots has been developed. When these trees are dug for you, you will get plenty of roots. The prices of the trees given below include the cost of ball and burlap (B. & B.)

THE ARBORVITAE

AMERICAN—The most popular of the larger growing varieties. It can be trimmed to secure compact trees or allowed to grow naturally. Dependable under any average conditions of soil and care. 18-24 in., \$1.00; 2-3 ft., \$2.00; 3-4 ft., \$3.50; 4-5 ft., \$5.00; 5-6 ft., \$7.50; 6-7 ft., \$10.00; 7-8 ft., \$12.50.

GLOBE—A dwarf, bushy evergreen that grows naturally in a round, ball-like form. Splendid for foundation plantings. 18-24 in., \$3.00; 24-30 in., \$5.00.

PYRAMIDAL—A solid pyramid of green, compact branches which retains its shape without shearing. 18-24 in., \$1.25; 24-30 in., \$2.00; 30-36 in., \$2.75; 3-4 ft., \$4.00; 4-5 ft., \$7.00; 5-6 ft., \$10.00; 6-7 ft., \$12.00.

SIBERIAN—A compact, dense, bushy evergreen, conical in outline. Dark rich green. The hardiest of the Arborvitae. 12-18 in., \$1.25; 18-24 in., \$2.50; 24-30 in., \$3.50; 30-36 in., \$5.00.

THE FIRS

BALSAM FIR—The foliage is dark green above, silvery beneath. It is widely known for its pungent odor. Should be planted in a cool, moist location. 3-4 ft., \$4.00; 4-5 ft., \$7.00; 5-6 ft., \$11.00; 6-7 ft., \$12.50.

How to Plant Evergreens

The hole for planting an evergreen should be at least one foot larger than the ball of earth and deep enough to allow placing the tree slightly deeper than it stood in the nursery. Place the tree in the hole, loosen and pull back the burlap covering and fill the hole three-quarters full of good soil.

Firm it well. Fill once or twice with water and allow it to soak into the ground before putting on any more soil. A slight basin or depression should be left to facilitate later waterings. Water evergreens freely throughout the summer. A mulch of straw or peat will prove highly beneficial.



Red Cedar (Sheared)

THE JUNIPERS

CANADIAN—A low, spreading plant; leaves are sharp-pointed and of grayish-green color. Branches silvery beneath. 18-24 in., \$3.00; 24-30 in., \$4.00; 30-36 in., \$4.50.

PFITZER—A graceful, broad, low evergreen with sweeping fronds of silvery green foliage. The best low evergreen for city conditions, dry locations, and also does well in shady places. 12-18 in., \$1.50; 18-24 in., \$2.50; 24-30 in., \$4.00; 30-36 in., \$5.00; 3-4 ft., \$7.50.

RED CEDAR—One of the oldest, most popular and best known evergreens. Very attractive in winter when the golden bronze of the young growth contrasts with the darker green of the older. 24-30 in., \$2.00; 30-36 in., \$3.00; 3-4 ft., \$4.00; 4-5 ft., \$6.00; 5-6 ft., \$7.50; 6-7 ft., \$10.00; 7-8 ft., \$12.50.

SAVINS—One of the best low evergreens. It forms an excellent border to taller evergreens. A valuable low plant for foundation planting. 12 in., \$1.00; 12-18 in., \$1.50; 18-24 in., \$2.50; 24-30 in., \$3.50; 30-36 in., \$4.25.

SILVER RED CEDAR—The glaucous, blue color is very attractive. It adds a color contrast to landscape work. 30-36 in., \$4.00; 3-4 ft., \$5.00; 4-5 ft., \$7.00; 5-6 ft., \$10.00; 6-7 ft., \$13.00.

THE PINES

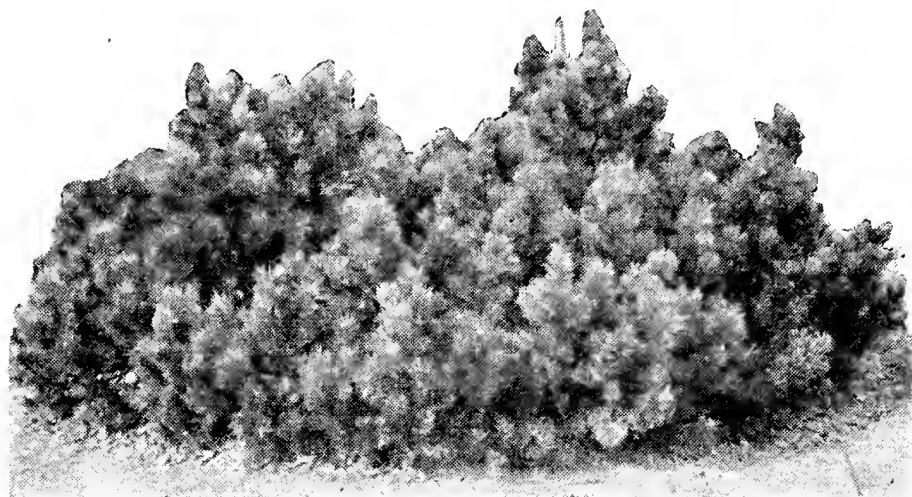
MUGHO—These are the low and upright forms of the dwarf pines. They can be sheared and kept low or allowed to grow larger. Exceedingly hardy. Deep green foliage with candle-like new growths. 12-18 in., \$1.50; 18-24 in., \$2.25; 24-30 in., \$3.00; 30-36 in., \$4.00.

AUSTRIAN—The needles are long and straight, with a rich dark green color. Excellent for city conditions and valuable for screen plantings. 24-30 in., \$3.00; 30 to 36 in., \$4.00; 3 to 4 ft., \$5.00; 4 to 5 ft., \$8.00; 5-6 ft., \$12.50; 6-7 ft., \$15.00.

NORWAY—A long-needled, fast-growing pine. We can offer these trees in any size for immediate effect. 3-4 ft., \$3.50; 4-5 ft., \$5.00.

PONDEROSA—Long needles but is a little slower growing than Norway pine. Produces a rugged landscape effect. 24-30 in., \$2.50; 30-36 in., \$3.50; 3-4 ft., \$4.50; 4-5 ft., \$6.00; 5-6 ft., \$9.00; 6-7 ft., \$12.50.

SCOTCH—An excellent tree for windbreak and mass plantings. Has short needles and is open in growth unless sheared. 24-30 in., \$2.00; 30-36 in., \$2.50; 3-4 ft., \$3.00; 4-5 ft., \$5.00; 5-6 ft., \$8.00; 6-7 ft., \$12.50.



Spreading type of Mugho Pine

WHITE—This native tree adapts itself to both dry and moist soils. Needles are shorter than the Norway pine, producing a more bushy effect. 4-5 ft., \$5.00; 5-6 ft., \$7.50.

BLACK HILLS SPRUCE—The hardiest of all spruces, symmetrical, compact and bushy of growth. The smallest trees soon form round, sturdy, compact bodies. As the tree develops it continues to carry this particular style of growth and becomes the most compact growing specimen among the spruces. Even in old trees the lower branches are retained, thus forming a close ground cover. The foliage varies from a green to a bluish tint and all trees are remarkable for their bright, fresh color. 12-18 in., \$1.00; 18-24 in., \$1.50; 24-30 in., \$2.50; 30-36 in., \$3.00; 3-4 ft., \$4.00; 4-5 ft., \$6.00; 5-6 ft., \$9.00; 6-7 ft., \$15.00.

Daniels Dollar Bargain Evergreen Collections

Choice varieties. Wonderful little transplanted trees. Not cheap seedlings.

X—Once transplanted.

XX—Twice transplanted.

No. 1

1 Savins Juniper	8-12 in.	XX
1 Concolor Fir	8-12 in.	X
1 Black Hills Spruce	8-12 in.	X
1 Polar Spruce	12-18 in.	X
1 Douglas Fir	8-12 in.	X

Bargain Price only \$1.00

No. 2

1 White Spruce	12-18 in.	X
1 Colorado Blue Spruce	8-12 in.	X
1 Mugho Pine	6-8 in.	X
1 American Arborvitae	8-12 in.	X
1 Globe Arborvitae	6-8 in.	X

Bargain Price only \$1.00

No. 3

ROCK GARDEN SPECIAL

1 Andora Juniper	8-12 in.	XX
1 Savins Juniper	8-12 in.	XX
1 Bar Harbor Juniper	8-12 in.	XX
1 Mugho Pine	8-12 in.	X

Bargain Price only \$1.00



EVERGREENS—Continued.

COLORADO BLUE SPRUCE—The most popular novelty for planters of the northern states. Its brilliant blue-green color, neat compact form and symmetrical habit of growth, makes it invaluable in landscape work. The glory of the Blue Spruce is in its intense steel-blue foliage. Ultimate height 25 to 30 ft. 12-18 in., \$2.50; 18-24 in., \$3.00; 24-30 in., \$4.00; 30-36 in., \$5.00; 3-4 ft., \$8.00; 4-5 ft., \$11.50; 5-6 ft., \$18.00; 6-7 ft., \$27.50; 7-8 ft., \$37.50.

COLORADO GREEN SPRUCE—A very fine tree similar to the Colorado blue in all respects except in color but is well adapted to planting in groups with Colorado Blues to bring out the brightness of the blue. Their foliage is a rich, glossy, attractive green. 18-24 in., \$1.50; 24-30 in., \$2.50; 30-36 in., \$3.50; 3-4 ft., \$4.50; 4-5 ft., \$8.00; 5-6 ft., \$15.00; 6-7 ft., \$20.00; 7-8 ft., \$30.00.

"Heeling-In"

All nursery stock which is not to be planted right after its arrival should be "heeled-in." "Heeling-in" is a temporary planting or storage which insures keeping of the plants in good condition until they go to their permanent place. Dig a trench in a shady location—place the plants in this (slanting position usually) and cover the roots with moist soil, working it well around the roots so that there will be no air pockets. Water well ("soak 'em"), mulch, and shade where possible.

NORWAY SPRUCE—One of the hardiest and thriftiest of the evergreens. Heavy masses of deep green foliage. Fits into any planting for hedges and windbreaks. The trees can be pruned to any height desired. For quick growth there is probably no evergreen their equal. When well established in a permanent planting and given good cultural conditions it frequently grows from one to two feet in a season. Fine for specimen trees, in corner groups, to frame views or for windbreak purposes. A tall, picturesque, hardy tree, graceful in all its lines, and well adapted to planting in the Northwest. 12-18 in., 75c; 18-24 in., \$1.00; 24-30 in., \$2.00; 3-4 ft., \$3.50; 4-5 ft., \$5.00.

WHITE SPRUCE—A thoroughly hardy, free growing, native tree, not particular about soil, doing well in both moist and dry locations. A compact and upright grower of great longevity, bears crowding well and also severe trimming if necessary. Trees over 50 years old remain well branched at the bottom, retain their pyramidal form and annually make an upward growth. 12-18 in., \$1.00; 18-24 in., \$1.50; 24-30 in., \$2.50; 30-36 in., \$3.00; 3-4 ft., \$4.00; 4-5 ft., \$7.00; 5-6 ft., \$9.00; 6-7 ft., \$12.50.

WINDBREAK EVERGREENS AT BARGAIN PRICES

Splendid, heavy, well rooted, transplanted trees,—ideal for windbreak and grove plantings. Do not confuse these with cheap seedlings commonly offered for this purpose. Carefully dug and packed to reach you in perfect condition. Should go by Express, or preferably Freight, because of their splendid large size,—for 100 trees will average 300 lbs. in weight. Here's a chance to get a wonderful, hardy evergreen windbreak at a real bargain price. (Sold only in units of 25.)

PRICES

		25	50	100
Polar Spruce	12-18 in.	\$ 7.75	\$13.75	\$22.00
Norway Spruce	18-24 in.	7.00	12.50	20.00
White Spruce	18-24 in.	8.50	15.00	24.00
Black Hills Spruce.....	8-12 in.	7.75	13.75	22.00
Austrian Pine	18-24 in.	9.25	17.50	28.00
Norway Pine	18-24 in.	7.00	12.50	20.00

Daniels Hardy Perennials

We wish you could see our perennial gardens. Here are the plants with which to paint your Spring, Summer and Autumn flower pictures. They add the variety to your landscape picture that makes it interesting at all seasons. Perennials are unquestionably the "finishing touches" to the planting whether it be an informal border or a formally laid out garden. With their unlimited assortment of bloom, size and color they may be worked into all parts of the border where their brilliant hues add to the planting a pleasing zest without which it would be incomplete.

Our plants are strong field grown stock, vastly superior to the one year seedlings commonly found on the market. (R) indicates especial suitability to use in the rockery.

ACHILLEA millefolium roseum. Rosy Milfoil—Dense heads of pink flowers. Finely cut deep green foliage, June to Sept. 18 in. (R) 25c.

ACHILLEA Boule de Neige. Ball of Snow—New. Snow white flowers. Superior to "The Pearl." June to Sept. 18 in. (R) 25c.

ACONITUM fischeri. Monkshood—Large, hood-shaped flowers. Blue. Sept. and Oct. 24 to 36 in. 35c.

ACONITUM. Spark's Variety—The deepest blue of all. Borne on tall branched spikes. July and Aug. 3 ft. 35c.

ALYSSUM argenteum. Rock Madwort—Yellow flowers. Foliage silver lined. June to Aug. 15 in. (R) 25c.

ALYSSUM saxatile compactum. Gold Dust—Free blooming. Bright yellow flowers in early spring. Attractive gray foliage. 8 to 12 in. (R) 25c.

ANCHUSA italica. Dropmore. Alkanet—Beautiful brilliant blue flowers on tall spikes. Leaves large, grayish-green, heavily pubescent. June to Aug. 4 to 5 ft. 25c.

ANTHEMIS tinctoria kelwayi. Hardy Marguerite—Daisy-like flowers of golden yellow. Fragrant. Handsomely cut foliage. June to Oct. 2 ft. 25c.

AQUILEGIA alpina. Columbine—Dark blue flowers. June to Aug. 12 in. (R) 25c.

AQUILEGIA. Mrs. Scott Elliot Hybrids—Delicate flowers in many colors. Long spurred. June to Aug. 24 in. 25c.

ARABIS alpina. Rock Cress—Masses of pure white flowers densely cover this plant. April and May. 6 to 8 in. (R) 25c.

ARMERIA maritima. Sea Pink or Thrift—Innumerable pink or rose flowers in dense heads, on stiff, wiry stems. May and June. 9 in. (R) 25c.

ASTER, Hardy. Mickelmas Daisy—Novae angliae. Bright purple-violet. Sept. and Oct. 5 ft. 25c.

ASTER. St. Egwin—Soft rose-pink. Sept. and Oct. 3 ft. 25c.

ASTILBE, America. Spirea—Many branched feathery heads of lilac-pink flowers. June and July. 3½ ft. 35c.

BAPTISIA australis. False Indigo—Dark blue pea-shaped flowers. Dark green, deeply cut foliage. June. 2 ft. 25c.

BOLTONIA asteroides. False Chammomile—White. Single, aster-like flowers. Aug. and Sept. 5 to 6 ft. 25c.

BOLTONIA latisquama. Bears masses of lovely lavender-pink flowers. Not so coarse as the white variety. Aug. and Sept. 4 to 5 ft. 25c.

CAMPANULA carpatia. Bell Flower—Flowers clear blue, on wiry stems, growing in compact tufts. July and Aug. 6 to 12 in. (R) 25c.

CAMPANULA perficolia. Erect spikes of large, cup-shaped blue flowers. June to July. 2 to 3 ft. 25c.

CENTAUREA montana. Perennial Cornflower—Large, violet-blue flowers. July to Sept. 1½ ft. (R) 25c.

CERASTIUM tomentosum. Snow in Summer—Carpet of white flowers and silvery green foliage. June. 6 in. ((R) 25c.

CHRYSANthemum maximum. Shasta Daisy—Alaska. White flowers, large, with yellow centers. Long stems, suitable for cutting. July to Sept. 12 to 15 in. 25c.

CONVALLARIA majalis. Lily of the Valley—White, dainty, bell shaped small flowers. Very fragrant. May and June. 8 to 10 in. (R) 25c per clump.

COREOPSIS lanceolata grandiflora. Tickseed—Large, bright yellow flowers. Stems long, graceful. Slender light green foliage. Blooms all summer. 2 ft. 25c.

CREeping Jenny. Glossy green leaves, creeping, yellow flowers. Excellent for ground cover and rockery work. 25c.

DELPHINIUM Belladonna. Light sky-blue. Very free blooming. June to Oct. 3 ft. 25c.

DELPHINIUM Bellamosa. A dark blue strain of the Belladonna. 25c.

DELPHINIUM Chinense. Dwarf variety. Dark blue flowers. Feathery foliage. 12 to 18 in. (R) 25c.

DELPHINIUM Chinense alba. A pure white form of chinense. (R) 25c.

DELPHINIUM Hybrids. Blackmore and Langdon's and other choice hybrids. Colors ranging from pale blue to deep indigo and shades of rose. 25c.

DIANTHUS barbatus. Sweet William—An old-fashioned flower. Producing great masses of bloom in various colors of red, rose and white. May and June. 1½ ft. 25c.

DIANTHUS deltoides brilliant. Maiden Pink—Dwarf plant, crimson-red flowers, compact deep green foliage. May and June. 6 in. (R) 25c.

DIANTHUS plumarius. Clove Pinks—Varying shades of pink, purple and white. Fragrant clove-scented flowers. Fine for cutting. Glauous green foliage. Flowers bloom all summer. 9 in. (R) 25c.

DICENTRA eximia. Plumy Bleeding Heart—A dwarf grower. Heart shaped rose colored flowers. Finely cut foliage. May to Sept. 12 in. (R) 40c.



Coreopsis



Delphenium

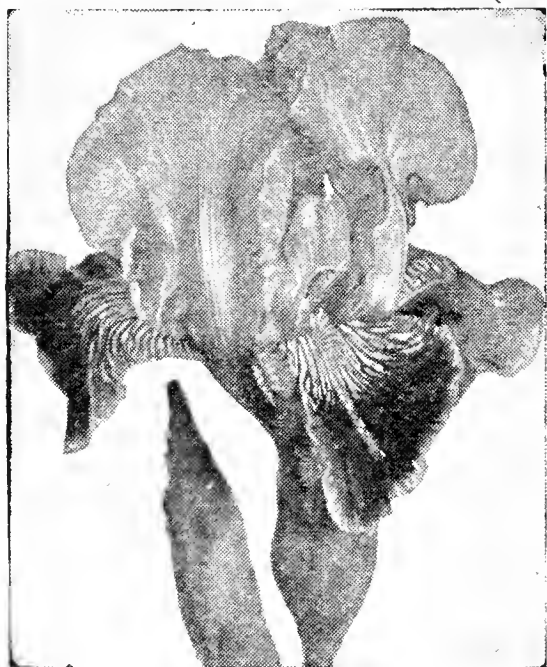
HARDY PERENNIALS—Continued



Gaillardia



Golden Glow



Iris

- DICENTRA spectabilis.** Bleeding Heart—An old-fashioned flower. Long racemes of heart shaped pink flowers. May and June. 2 to 2½ ft. 35c.
- DICTAMNUS fraxinella.** Gas Plant—A splendid flowering plant. Pink and white bloom. Fragrant. Attractive green foliage. The seed pods give off an inflammable gas. June and July. 2 to 3 ft. 50c.
- DIGITALIS.** Giant Shirley Foxglove—Bell shaped blossoms. Colors range from white and pink to deep rose and blue. Flower heads about three feet long. June and July. 3 to 5 ft. 35c.
- ECHINOPS ritro.** Globe Thistle—Thistle-like plants with globular shaped metallic blue flowers. Fine for dried bouquets. July to Sept. 3 to 4 ft. 35c.
- FUNKIA coerulea lanceolata.** Plaintain Lily—Lilac blue, drooping flowers, narrow green leaves. July and Aug. 15 inches. (R) 25c.
- FUNKIA undulata variegata**—Broad green, glossy leaves, beautifully margined with white. Blue flowers. July. 15 inches. (R) 35c.
- GAILLARDIA Grandiflora.** Blanket Flower—Gay blooms with reddish-brown centers and yellow daisy like petals ringed with red. June to Nov. 18 to 24 in. Fine for cutting. 25c.
- GRASSES Eulalie japonica variegata.** Hardy Ornamental Grass—Very graceful, long narrow leaves striped with white and sometimes striped with pink and yellow. 35c.
- GYPSOPHILIA paniculata.** Baby's Breath—The tiny white blossoms clustered together as they grow form a globular plant of misty-white, gauzelike appearance. Aug. and Sept. 2 to 3 ft. high. 35c.
- GYPSOPHILIA.** Bristol Fairy—A Double Gypsophilia of greater vigor, producing larger panicles of flowers, and having the advantage of blooming more or less continuously all summer, new branches of bloom appearing after the first flush of flowers has passed, if these are cut. 60c.
- GYPSOPHILIA Ehrlei**—New flowers pure white almost as large as Achilleas. A fine filler for all sorts of floral pieces. 75c.
- HEMOROCALLIS FLAVA.** Yellow Day Lily—A most useful and attractive plant in the border. Has pleasing yellow trumpet-shaped flowers, produced in profusion during long periods. Strong slender stems surmount its tall, graceful grass-like foliage. Extremely hardy and free growing. 25c.
- HELENIUM.** Riverton Gem. Sneezewort—New. Old gold suffused with bright terracotta, changing to wallflower-red. Aug. to Oct. 2½ to 3 ft. 35c.
- HEUCHERA sanguinea.** Coral Bells—Graceful, delicate slender stalks bearing small, bell shaped coral-red flowers. Leaves form a low tuft of green about 6 inches high. July to Sept. 18 in. (R) 35c.
- HOLLYHOCK, Althea rosea.** Allegheny Mixed—An old favorite. Large camellia like flowers that form perfect rosettes of beautiful colors along stems often growing six and seven feet tall. July and Aug. Single flower. 25c.
- HOLLYHOCK, Double Flowering**—Immense double flowers, salmon, yellow, red, bright rose, white. 25c.
- IBERIS, Sempervirens.** Hardy Candytuft—Dense flat heads of white flowers completely cover the attractive evergreen foliage in early spring. May. 8 to 10 inches. (R) 35c.

IRIS

GERMAN OR FLAG IRIS

- AMBASSADEUR**—(92-91) 42 inches. Late. Standards a fascinating smoky, velvety color. Falls, velvety purple maroon. Beards and style yellow. A magnificent and regal flower. 25c.
- FLAVESCENS**—A delicate shade of yellow or cream. Very desirable planted among shrubbery or where a yellow note is wanted in perennials. 25c each.
- JUANITA**—(78-81). Clear blue-violet. Tall. Free flowering and very fragrant. One of the best for cutting and massing. 25c each.
- LORD OF JUNE**—(88-78). Fragrant. The standards are of soft lavender blue and the falls rich, violet-blue. Considered the finest of its color. 25c each.
- MADAM CHEREAU**—(69-70.) 36 inches. Early. The white standards are suffused over nearly the entire surface with a beautiful aniline blue. The white falls are delicately edged with the same color. Very fragrant. 25c each.
- QUEEN OF MAY**—This old, early flowering Iris is still one of the most charming pink varieties. The arched standards and drooping falls are both soft rose to reddish purple. Growth vigorous. Delightfully fragrant. 35c.
- SOUV. DE MME. GAUDICHAU**—(91-98) 40 inches. This is the largest, darkest, and finest of the dark purples. One of the scarce varieties but yet reasonable enough for all to enjoy. Fragrant. 25c.
- SAN SOUCI**—Standards a bright gold tinge. Falls brown with bronze shadings. A common yet very popular variety. 25c each.
- WHITE KNIGHT**—(79-80.) 24 inches. Beautiful white flowers of waxy texture, with delicate throat markings. A flower of fine form and sweetly scented. 50c each.

EARLY DWARF IRIS—Iris Pumila

These little early bloomers do not grow over 5 inches, and are well adapted to borders and rock gardening.

Sambo—Dark violet blue. (R) 25c each.

Excelsa—Pale lemon-yellow. (R)

Fairy—Fragrant early white. (R)

SIBERIAN IRIS

They are the easiest culture, very prolific. An established clump often produces 50 or more flowering stalks. They grow on long stems and have ornamental grasslike foliage and are excellent for cutting.

Blue King—42 inches. Deep blue-purple. 25c each.

Snow Queen—36 inches. New. Snow white. 25c each.

- ELEGANS**—This beautiful Lily is of a rich orange-brown hue that sometimes approaches crimson. Flowers are large and striking in appearance and are borne over a long season. Does well even under the most adverse conditions. 50c.
- REGALE (The Regal Lily)**—It is absolutely hardy and is becoming a great favorite in the garden. Flowers are white, slightly suffused with pink, with a beautiful shade of canary yellow at the center. Blooms in July. 50c.
- TIGRINUM SPLENDENS (Double Tiger Lily)**—By far the best form of Tiger Lily. It is tall with handsome, large flowers and healthy stalks. 25c.
- LINUM Perenne. Perennial Flax**—Pale blue, pearl-like flowers. Light foliage, graceful. June and July. 12 to 18 inches. (R) 25c.
- LUPINUS polyphyllus**—Beautiful spikes of clear blue, rose, or white blossoms. June and July. Stems 3 ft. high. 50c.
- LYCHNIS chalcedonica. Maltese Cross**—Large heads of scarlet flowers. June and July. 2 to 2½ ft. 25c.
- MONARDA didyma. Oswego Tea. Cambridge scarlet**—Bright, crimson-scarlet flowers. Sweet scented foliage. June to Sept. 3 ft. 25c.
- MYOSOTIS palustris. Forget-Me-Not**—Dainty blue flowers with yellow eye. Profuse bloomer. May to Sept. 6 to 10 in. (R) 25c.
- NEPETA mussini. Catnip or Ground Ivy**—Lavender flowers, low trailing habit, gray foliage. June. 12 to 18 in. (R) 25c.
- OENOTHERA Fraseri. Evening Primrose. Sundrop**—Golden-yellow flowers. July to Oct. 12 in. (R) 25c.
- PACHYSANDRA terminalis. Japanese Spurge**—A dense mat of evergreen foliage, thick, rubber-like, lustrous dark green. Bearing spikes of light colored flowers in May and June. 6 to 9 inches. (R) 35c.
- PAPAYER orientale. Oriental Poppy**—Deep, crimson-scarlet, cup-shaped blooms. May and June. 2½ ft. 25c.
- PENTSTEMON barbatus torreyi. Beard Tongue**—Bushy plants bearing Gloxiana-like scarlet flowers on long, slender spikes. June and July. 3½ ft. 25c.
- PEONY**—3 to 5 eye, 50c; 5 to 8 eye, 75c, except where noted.
- COURONNE D'OR**—8-1. Snow white with golden stamens. Large blooms. Late. Fine for cutting.
- FESTIVA MAXIMA**—9-3. Splendid early white. Very large. Center flaked crimson.
- RUBRA SUPERBA**—7-2. Deep crimson. One of the best late reds.
- KARL ROSENFELD**—8-8. Rich crimson. Immense flowers. Very free bloomer. Midseason. \$1.00-\$1.50 each.
- ROSE FRAGRANS**—Dark rose pink. Very fragrant.
- EDULIS SUPERBA**—7-6. Mauve-pink. Early. Large flowers. Rose type.
- PHLOX—ELIZABETH CAMPBELL**—Salmon-pink. Large blooms. 35c.
- BEACON**—Brilliant cherry-red. 35c.
- BRIDESMAID**—Pure white, with large crimson eye. 35c.
- JULES SANDEAU**—Large, fine, very free blooming, pure watermelon pink, rapid grower. One of the finest pinks in cultivation. 25c.
- MISS LINGARD**—Pearly white flower. Very remarkable bloomer, producing two or three crops of flowers during the season. 25c.
- MRS. JENKINS**—Immense trusses of pure white flowers. Early. Tall. 25c.
- MRS. MILLY VAN HOBOKEN**—A choice new variety. Very large florets in rather loose, large heads. Color bright pink, strong grower. 25c.
- RHEINLANDER**—Beautiful salmon-pink, claret-red eye. Trusses of immense size. 25c.
- THOR**—Beautiful shade of salmon pink, aniline-red eye. 25c.
- PHLOX SUBULATA—Moss Pink.**
- AMOENA**—A low species, native to dry hills and barrens. Flower pink. (R) 30c.
- FAIRY**—Pale blue with dwarf purple eye. A beautiful little rock plant. (R) 30c.
- VIVID**—Bright pink with fiery red eye. One of the finest creeping phlox. (R) 30c.
- PHYSALIS francheti. Chinese Lantern**—A decorative plant easy to grow. Producing freely bright orange-scarlet lantern-like seed pods on spikes 12 to 24 inches long. Used for winter bouquets. Sept. 24 to 30 in. 25c.
- PHYSOSTEGIA virginica. False Dragon Head**—Forms large clumps bearing long spikes of pink or white flowers. July to Aug. 3 ft. 25c.
- PLATYCODON grandiflora. Balloon Flower**—Large, showy, balloon-shaped buds which open to star-shaped flowers. Blue. Dense, bushy growth. June to Oct. 18 inches. (R) 25c.
- PYRETHRUM roseum hybridum. Painted Daisy**—Bright pink, rose and red daisy-like flowers borne elegantly on long, graceful stems. May and June. 2½ ft. 25c.
- PYRETHRUM uliginosum. Fall Daisy**—Large white flowers. Aug. to Sept. 5 ft. 25c.
- RUDBECKIA laciniata. Golden Glow**—Large, double golden-yellow flowers. Dahlia shaped, borne on tall, sturdy stems. Aug. to Oct. 5-6 ft. 25c.
- RUDBECKIA purpurea. Purple Cone Flower**—Reddish-purple flowers with large cone shaped center of brown. July to Oct. 3 to 4 ft. 25c.
- SEDUM acre. Stonecrop**—Bright green, trailing carpet plant with yellow blossoms. Thrives under most adverse conditions. June and July. 3 in. (R) 25c.
- SEDUM album**—Foliage green, flowers white. May to July. 3 inches. (R) 25c.
- SEDUM sarmentosum**—Yellow flowers, more rapid grower than S. acre. June and July. 3 inches. (R) 35c.
- SEDUM spectabile**—Erect growing. Pink flowers. Thick, glaucous leaves. Aug. and Sept. 18 in. (R) 25c.
- STATICE latifolia. Sea Lavender**—Beautiful everlasting with spreading pinacles of lavender colored flowers. Attractive in the garden and for winter bouquets. Aug. and Sept. 2 ft. 35c.
- VERONICA longifolia. Speedwell**—One of the most attractive violet-blue flowers. Flowers borne in long, compact spikes. Aug. and Sept. 2 ft. 35c.
- VIOLA, Jersey Jem. Tufted Pansy**—Dwarf habit. Rich violet color. Slightly perfumed. Attractive roundish foliage. May to Sept. 8 inches. (R) 25c.



Hollyhocks



Hardy Pinks



Shasta Daisy

Daniels Hardy Apples

Plant Now for Orchard Profits

The thinking man will plant apples now,—for there has been a marked decrease in apple trees both young and bearing age in recent years.

Professor W. H. Alderman of the University of Minnesota in a circular issued by the Department of Agriculture last spring says, "There has been a rapid and consistent decrease in the number of bearing apple trees in the United States in the period since 1910. The decrease amounted to 23 per cent between 1920 and 1930, and 41 per cent between 1910 and 1930. Trees are not being planted fast enough to replace the old orchards that are going out. This is especially true in Minnesota where the ratio of bearing trees to young trees is five to one." Since Professor Alderman issued this statement heat and drouth of 1934 has taken a heavy toll and many "border line" trees have perished.

The wise planter will plant now whether for home or commercial use. The experts in Minnesota all agree that there are good profits ahead for the properly developed orchard planted now.



Daniels Red Duchess

Bears Even in the Nursery Row

Few apples bear at such an early age as DANIELS RED DUCHESS. The accompanying photo shows a small tree in one of our nursery rows bearing a full sized DANIELS RED DUCHESS apple with its characteristic even, brilliant red color. This habit of early bearing is one of the variety's many outstanding points of superiority.

Think It Over!

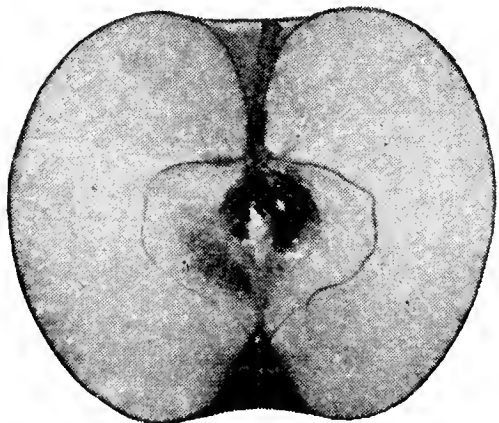
Daniels apple list comprises only the very best—those most widely and officially approved of—those really suited to the Northwest. Every one is important in its season whether it is Summer, Fall or Winter.

Our trees are well grown with large roots and strong tops for their grades and, most important of all, propagated in a manner that makes them entirely hardy for the trying conditions of our severe northern climates. You will be delighted with our trees and the way they will grow for you.

PRICES

	1	10	100
Mail Order size.....	\$.65	\$ 5.50	\$50.00
Standard 3½-5 ft.....	.80	7.00	62.50
Large 4½-6 ft.....	1.00	8.50	75.00
Extra Large 5-7 ft.....	1.25	11.00	90.00

RED DELICIOUS—Colors earlier and a far deeper red than the ordinary Delicious, of which this is a bud sport. Cannot be too highly praised. Large, deep luscious red—flesh of splendid texture and of the finest quality. One of the best winter keepers. Season November to April.



McIntosh

DANIELS RED DUCHESS—A remarkable early red apple. An improved bud sport of the Duchess of Oldenburg.

The Daniels Red Duchess is an early red apple that seems destined to entirely displace the old Duchess of Oldenburg. It possesses all of the good qualities of the older variety and in addition that all important, price commanding quality of high red color. Coming as it does at a season when there is a dearth of red apples on the market, it has proven itself a commercial variety of exceptional value.

For the past 20 years it has been under the observation of the staff of the Division of Horticulture at University Farm. Professor W. H. Alderman, Chief of the Division, says: "It is unquestionably the most highly colored sport of the Duchess of Oldenburg known to be in existence. I can see no reason why commercial growers should continue to plant Duchess when this new sport is available in quantities to supply the demand." Recommended by the Minnesota State Horticultural Society in place of the ordinary Duchess.

Ever since we introduced the variety—ten years ago—it has proven exceedingly popular. It bears early, abundantly and regularly, frequently fruiting in the nursery row. For early apple satisfaction and profit plant Daniels Red Duchess.

DOLGO CRAB—Dolgo is generally conceded to be the most beautiful of all apple trees. It is heavily laden with large white flowers at blossom time, and later the brilliant red fruit is borne freely in beautiful rope-like clusters, among dense foliage of vivid, dark green. The fruit is oblong in shape, of rare beauty and has a very unusual lemon-like flavor. Far superior to other crabs for jellies, producing a transparent bright red jelly of high quality. Will jell even when dead ripe. In praising Dolgo the Country Gentleman says: "This variety is the most striking in appearance of any of the newer crabs tested at the Ohio station." When in full bloom the tree is very decorative, and again in early fall when the fruit is ripening the high red color of the fruit makes this tree worth while just for ornamental purposes. The quality of the fruit for jelly and preserves is excellent.

HARALSON—At last you can have a hardy red apple of fine quality that is a real winter apple. Haralson is Minnesota's only hardy, high quality, red, winter eating apple that will keep until late spring in ordinary storage. It has been correctly called the Northwest's best winter apple.

The tree is an upright grower with strong, wide angle crotch and branching system. It is a vigorous tree, very productive and resistant to fire blight. The fruit is about the size of a Wealthy, is borne at an early age, and hangs onto the tree until picked. The fruit is an attractive red in color and good in quality. Entirely hardy. No home or commercial orchard is complete without Haralson. Season January to April.

Minnesota Station Bulletin No. 230 in describing this variety says:

"It leaves nothing to be desired as a cooking apple and is a pleasant dessert fruit during the middle and late winter." Haralson is now generally accepted as the Northwest's best Hardy, red winter apple. Plant it freely.

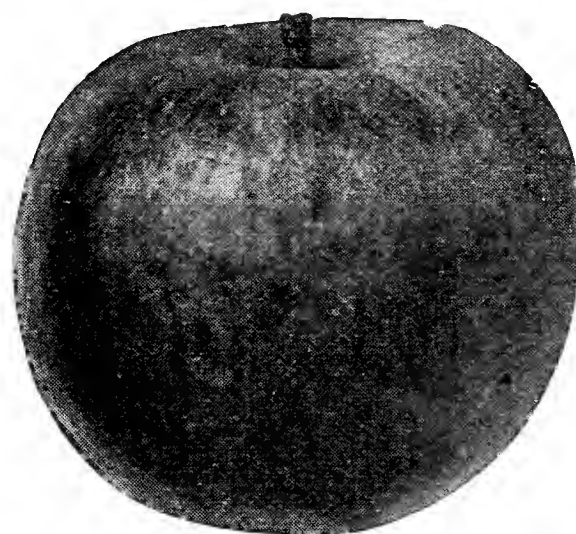
McINTOSH—One of the finest apples grown. Because of its brilliant deep red color, deli-

cate flavor, crisp snow-white flesh and distinct pleasant aroma, it is considered by most to be the finest dessert apple there is. McIntosh has proven eminently successful throughout the Southern part of the state and is at present one of the Northwest's most popular varieties. Season October to January.

NORTHWEST GREENING—The best and longest keeping of the greenings. A splendidly formed, bright green fruit. Should be in every orchard for, even in ordinary storage, they keep well all winter and in a good vegetable cellar sometimes on into the summer. Unexcelled as a cooking apple. One of the leading and most profitable commercial varieties in the southern part of Minnesota.

WEALTHY—The best market and most popular home orchard variety in Minnesota. Fruit, medium to large; a beautiful red; flavor unexcelled. The Northwest's one best apple. Eating apple. Season, September to January.

WHITNEY CRAB—Good color. Crisp flesh and immensely pleasant flavor. Strong upright grower. One of the finest crabs for eating.



Wealthy

PLANTING DISTANCE OF FRUIT PLANTS

	Usual recommended distance	Best average distance	Number per acre at average distance
Apple	25 to 35 ft.	30 x 30 ft.	48
Plum	16 to 22 ft.	20 x 20 ft.	108
Pear	22 to 30 ft.	25 x 25 ft.	69
Cherries	12 to 16 ft.	14 x 14 ft.	147
Raspberry—(Hill)	4x6 or 5x5 ft.	4 x 6 ft.	1815
(Hedge)	1½ to 3 ft. by 6 to 7 ft.	2 x 6 ft.	3630
Blackberry	1½ to 3x7 ft.	2 x 7 ft.	3110
Gooseberry	4x6 ft.	4 x 6 ft.	1815
Currant	4x6 ft.	4 x 6 ft.	1815
Grape	8x8 ft.	8 x 8 ft.	680
Strawberry—Everbearing	15 to 18 in. x 3 to 4 ft.	1½ x 3 ft.	9680
June bearing	18 to 24 in. x 4 ft.	2 x 4 ft.	5445

To determine the number of plants required per acre for any distance multiply the two-plant distances and divide the product into 43,560 (the number of square feet per acre).

Daniels Quality Plums



Tonka Plum

The new Minnesota plums are conceded to be the finest race of plums ever developed for the Northwest. They are large, high quality and unexcelled for home use or for market.

Through the use of a proper assortment of varieties, such as we list, it is possible to have six, seven, yes even eight weeks of fresh plums from your own orchard,—plums of such large size and tantalizing quality that no one can afford not to have them in their own orchards.

The trees are vigorous growers, and, where properly pollinated, produce tremendous crops. The past season the State Fruit Breeding Farm culminated three years of carefully conducted experiments relating to plum pollination and have announced that the Minnesota varieties must have pollen from certain other plum types in order to produce full crops. It is absolutely essential that these plums have proper pollinizers if they are to produce the tremendous crops they are capable of yielding. If you already have some of the Minnesota plums in your orchard and they do not have correct pollinizers you can increase your yields marvelously by putting in the right pollen producers. Write us giving a list of the plums you have and we shall be glad to tell you which ones to plant to properly pollinize them. If you are starting a new orchard be sure to include one pollinizer for every 3, 4 or 5 other trees. We suggest that you leave the selection of the pollinizers to us as we can select the ones best suited to the varieties you are ordering or already have.

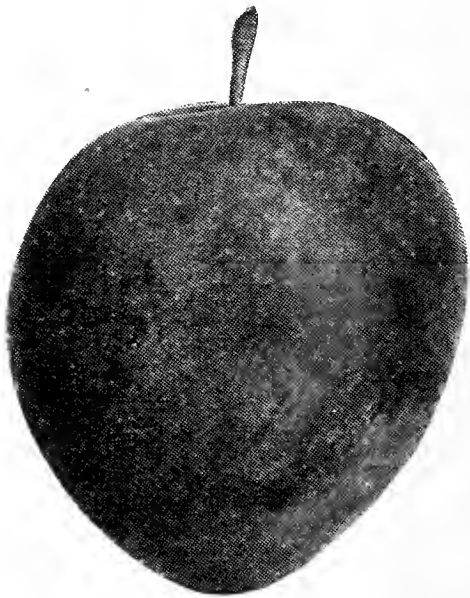
Good stock is the foundation of success in growing these plums, whether in a small home planting or a large commercial orchard. Daniels trees are good trees and everything that the word implies—true to name,—well grown—large tops and roots—carefully handled and packed—guaranteed to bring you satisfaction.

PRICES

	1	10	100
Mail Order size.....	\$.65	\$ 5.50	\$50.00
Standard 3½-5 ft.80	7.00	62.50
Large 4½-6 ft.....	1.00	8.50	75.00
Extra Large 5-7 ft.....	1.25	11.00	90.00

UNDERWOOD—The best of them all—if one plum can be so singled out. Very early. Large size and entirely hardy. Rich, red skin and firm, juicy, golden flesh. It's unsurpassed flavor has made Underwood an outstanding favorite with everyone. Extreme hardiness is one of the crowning virtues of its splendidly formed, well branched, "clean cut" looking tree. Commercial growers find this the most profitable of all the plums for it brings the highest prices of the entire plum season.

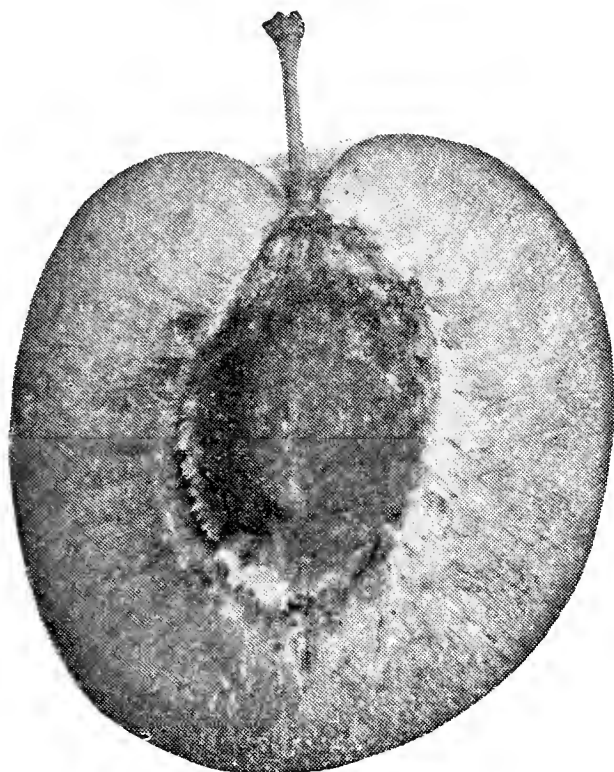
I had better not say any more, for already my mouth is watering and I'm getting "homesick" for the joyous plum days of late July and early August when Underwood ushers in the season.



Underwood
Three-Quarter Natural Size

TONKA—For heavy early bearing no plum tree can beat Tonka. Large two year old trees frequently bear in the nursery row. In describing this variety, Prof. W. H. Alderman, of University Farm, says: "The large, round, attractively colored fruits are not only firm fleshed and excellent shippers but are marked by delicious quality as well."

The fruit is large and an attractive bright red color. The pit is small and, being entirely free stone, is easily removed, an excellent point in canning. The flavor is sweet and the quality good. The tree is hardy, of medium size, vigorous and one of the heaviest and most reliable producers known. Should be in all home and commercial plantings. Red. Midseason.



Red Wing

RED WING—Peel 'em, flip out the pit and slice for cream and sugar! That is what folks who really know the high quality of a tree ripened Red Wing do.

Red Wing is one of the largest of the plums; early fruiting. A heavy and regular bearer and so hardy that they are being successfully fruited as far North as Winnipeg. A really valuable plum that should be in every orchard. Red. Free stone and midseason.

SUPERIOR—Of all the plums yet introduced by the State Fruit Breeding Farm, Superior is the largest. It is also one of the heaviest bearing plum varieties known. In its flavor, color, texture, size and productivity, it has proven itself worthy of its name—Superior. It has also shown itself a splendid pollinizer for several of the other varieties. Generally conceded to be one of the best plums yet introduced by the University.

There will not be enough of this wonderful new sort to go around this year, so we suggest placing your order as early as possible.

MONITOR—If blue ribbons were being passed out Monitor would be sure of three, yes, four. One for vigorous, strong growing tree; one for heavy production, another for being an excellent shipper and still another for delicious quality.

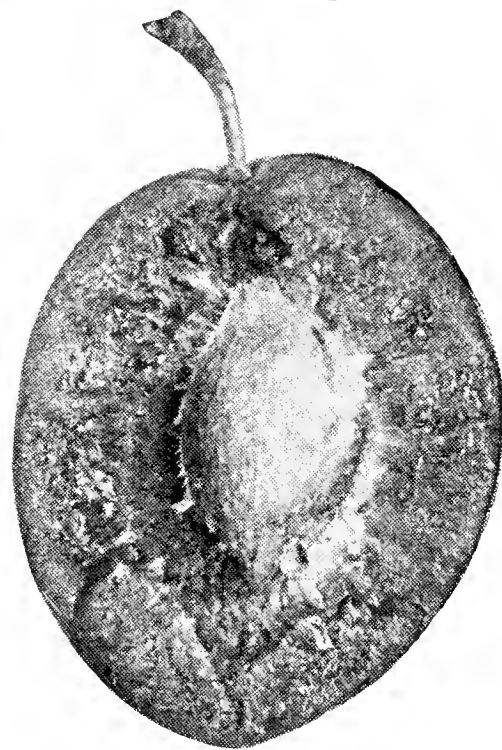
Monitor's large size, splendidly formed tree deserves a place in every home orchard. Because of its regular heavy production and the splendid keeping and shipping quality of its fruits, it is an outstanding favorite in the commercial planting. Splendid quality. A fine tree, a fine fruit, a fine seller. Red, slightly russeted. Late. Mid-season.

ELLIOT—It would be hard to improve on Elliot for a late plum. The fruit is large and an attractive bright, clear red color. The flavor is pleasant and the quality good. The pit is free or nearly so.

The fruit stands up well after harvest—an important market point. The tree is a vigorous grower of moderate size, very hardy and heavy, regular producer. No home or commercial planting is complete without Elliot. Red. Free-stone. Late.

I have a nice assortment of plum trees I got from you three or four years ago and have two or three nice crops of the finest plums on earth, not excepting California or any other place.

O. A. W.,
Minneapolis, Minn.



Superior

THE POLLINIZER PLUMS

A Necessity in Every Orchard

DE SOTO—One of the most dependable of the old Americana plums. Early. Tree a moderate grower, bears profusely and hardy in the far North.

HANSKA—Large bright red; firm yellow flesh of splendid quality. A vigorous grower and tremendous yielder. Especially important as a pollinizer for Underwood.

TOKA—One of the most popular of the South Dakota introductions. A hardy, prolific and a vigorous grower. Fruit of large size and splendid quality.

I ordered one Underwood and one Radisson plum from you three years ago this spring. The Underwood is a large tree now, beyond all expectations. Radisson was only a "whip" and is doing fine, but has not grown in proportion to the Underwood. It has many fruit buds this year.

Mrs. A. G. O., Milaca, Minn.

Daniels Hardy Cherries

You don't need an orchard to grow cherries, for the small size, attractive form, foliage and color of these trees make them valuable assets to any ornamental border.

The splendid cherries we list on this page have adequately proven their desirability both from the home garden or market point of view. With an assortment of these one can have the finest of cherries for eating and for canning.

Daniels Cherry Trees—propagated by the methods we use—have proven hardy throughout the Northwest and well on up into Canada.

Compass is the best pollinizer for the other cherries and should always be planted with them. Should you have an existing planting of cherries that is not fruiting well, plant some Compass along with them and you will be surprised with the way this correct pollenization will increase your yield.

Bearing age trees generally blossom the year planted and should fruit the year following without fail.

PRICES

	1	10	100
Mail order	\$.65	\$ 5.50	\$50.00
2nd size80	7.00	62.50
1st size	1.00	8.50	75.00
Bearing Age	1.25	11.00	90.00



Zumbra Cherry

ZUMBRA—The best sweet cherry type for Minnesota. Bears early. A tremendous yielder. When properly ripened on the tree the fruits are delicious to eat out of hand and one of the finest canning fruits known.

NICOLLET—The closest approximately to the true sour cherry in size, color and general appearance of any that can be grown in the Northwest. Splendid for sauce and pies. Beautiful red color, small pit and crisp succulent flesh.

OKA—A tremendous yielder of large round cherries fully one inch in diameter. Dark red outside with a juicy, purple meat inside. Wonderfully sweet. The best of all the purple fleshed cherries.

COMPASS—While this fine old variety is not the equal of the other three cherries in quality it is a most acceptable and popular fruit for canning. It is the best pollinizer known for the other cherries and should be included in all plantings.

Daniels Hardy Pears



Mendel Pear

Pears are no longer an experiment in Minnesota and adjacent territory. The varieties we list have proven their suitability to this climate with many years of successful production. You can now grow in your own home orchard good quality pears in sufficient quantities for any family's eating and canning needs. If you are not growing them you are missing something worth while!

PRICES

	1	10
Mail order	\$.75	\$ 6.50
2 year	1.00	8.50
Extra Large, specially selected.....	1.25	11.00

MENDEL—For 29 years Mendel has withstood the rigors of our northern climate without winter injury or fire blight. It is a very productive variety. The fruit is large and hangs well to the tree. Is of first quality, sweet and juicy, and keeps well through the Fall.

PARKER—Introduced by the State Fruit Breeding Farm. The fruit is medium to large; flesh tender and of good quality. Season, late September.

PATTEN—Hardy in many parts of Minne-

sota, South Dakota and as far north as Ontario. Thought by many to be the very best hardy pear. The fruit is of good quality, medium to large in size. Good for cooking and very fine for table use when well ripened.

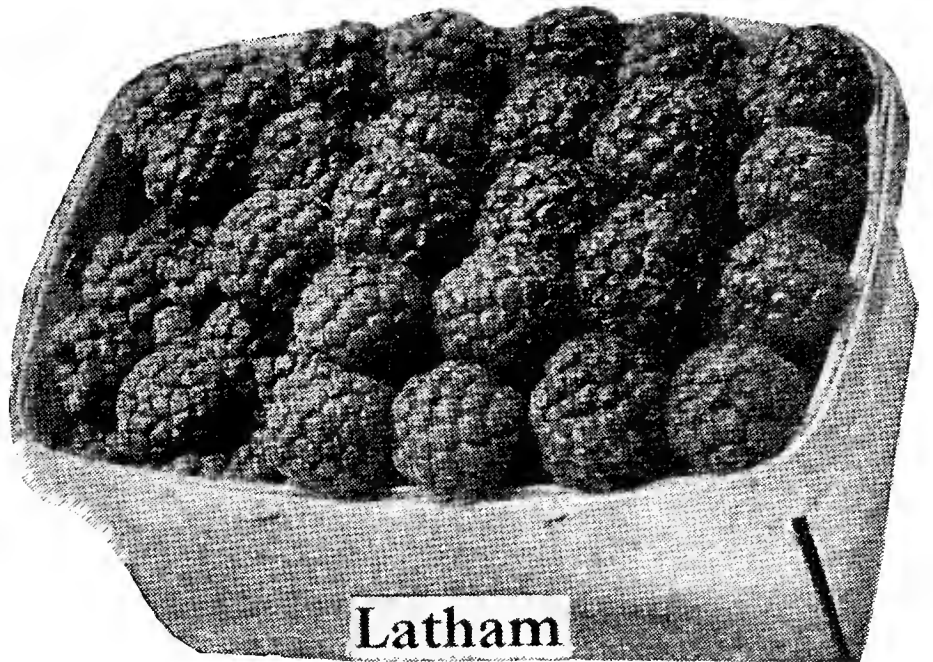
TATE NO. 2—The fruit is of good quality, medium size. The late Father Katzener, a prominent pear grower near St. Cloud, Minnesota, reported it as his first choice of the thirty varieties he had tested. In 1928 he gathered 35 bushels of pears from his Tate No. 2 trees.

Daniels Certified Raspberries

Minnesota grown raspberry plants are conceded the country over to be the acme in raspberry plants.

For over twenty years we have been growing a superior grade of raspberry plant here in Minnesota. We were pioneers in introducing to our retail trade both Chief and Latham—two varieties which are outstanding throughout the country as leaders in their respective classes—the early and the late.

We have this year a very fine stock of both Latham and Chief with well matured canes and very strong roots—double inspected and certified by our State Department of Agriculture to be free from disease. The thoughtful planter will not be satisfied with plants of any less quality than the splendid, well grown, honestly graded and carefully handled raspberry plants which we offer this spring.



PRICES ON LATHAM AND CHIEF

	12	25	100	1000
No. 2	\$.75	\$1.25	\$2.50	\$17.50
No. 1½ (planters grade).....	.90	1.50	3.00	20.00
No. 1	1.10	1.75	3.50	25.00
Extra Select	1.25	2.00	4.50	30.00

CHIEF

The Country's Greatest Early Red



Chief

During the exceedingly trying weather of the past few seasons Chief has come through in better condition and held up better than any other commonly grown Raspberry plant. It seems to be the ideal raspberry—the berry of unsurpassed merit for both the home and commercial grower. Because of its earliness it brings the highest prices on the market for the commercial grower, and for the home gardener brings the first and therefore the most prized berries for the table.

When coupled with Latham it brings one a surprisingly long season of picking. Most experts rate it as highest in quality of raspberries suited to our mid-west conditions. Be sure to plant some Chief this year.

LATHAM

The Country's Greatest Late Red

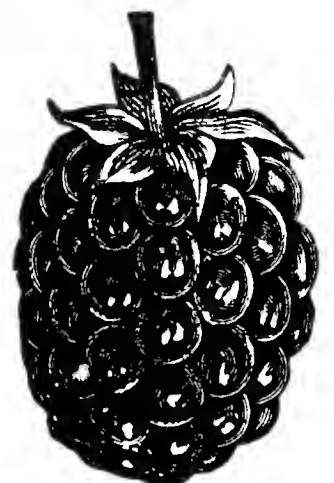
This is the finest and most profitable of all late Red Raspberries. Because of its marked superiority it is replacing all older late varieties throughout the East as well as in the Middle West.

Latham is a strong grower with powerful, vigorous canes, well able to support its enormous loads of berries. It has proven hardy throughout the Northwest without winter protection. The berries are of splendid quality, ship well and are famous for their large size. Professor W. H. Alderman describes them as "frequently an inch in diameter."

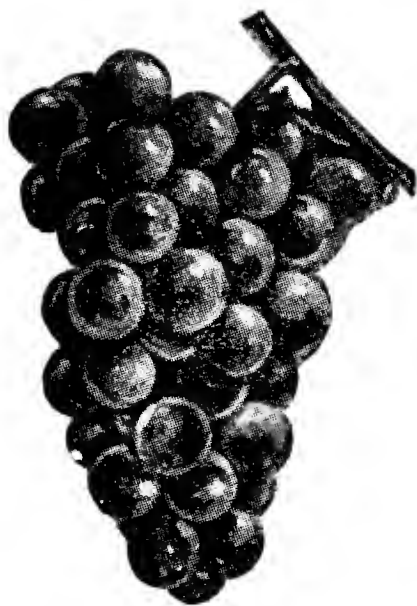
Daniels plants reach you in perfect growing condition, full of pep and ready to give you the finest raspberry growth and production that you have ever seen. Wherever our plants have been used they at once become the standard to which other raspberries have been compared.

Ancient Briton Blackberry

The extreme popularity of this splendid blackberry is well deserved for it is not only the hardiest of the better blackberries but it is the best in quality. Plants are vigorous and very productive. Probably the best for home and commercial plantings in the North. \$1.25 for 12; \$2.00 for 25; \$5.00 for \$1.00.



Ancient Briton



Concord

Daniels Quality Grapes

Fresh, ripe, juicy grapes; vine ripened and melting in the mouth; beautifully colored twangy jelly. Pure grape juices with the zip and zest that only grape juices may have. This may all be yours if you will but plant a few grape vines.

The hardier varieties, such as Alpha and Beta, may be grown under any conditions that the native wild grapes will endure. For best production they should be grown in vineyard form on a trellis, although they may be used for any type of screening to which the wild grape is adapted, as they are hardy without winter protection.

For dessert purposes we suggest such varieties as Concord, Delaware, and Niagara, the most popular blue, red and green grapes respectively. These varieties do best when grown on a trellis in such a manner that they can be covered for winter.

The grape plants we offer are all strong, two-year plants.

BETA—The standard hardy grape. Very productive; yields of from $\frac{1}{2}$ to 1 bushel per vine are not uncommon in well cared for vineyards. Hardy grapes have been one of the most profitable fruit crops in recent years. Price: 25c each; \$2.50 for 12; \$4.50 for 25; \$17.00 for 100.

ALPHA—The improved Beta. A more recent introduction than Beta but preferred to it by many of those who have grown both. Similar in production and has most of the Beta characteristics but is commonly considered to be of better flavor than Beta. 30c each; \$3.00 for 12; \$5.50 for 25; \$20.00 for 100.

CONCORD—The most popular table grape and the most widely grown of the blue dessert grapes. It is the standard of comparison for all other grapes. 25c each; \$2.50 for 12; \$4.50 for 25.

DELAWARE—The finest red grape. If you are looking for a beautiful, reliable grape of the very finest quality, Delaware, with its unequalled spiciness and sweetness, will fill the bill. 35c each; \$3.50 for 12.

NIAGARA—America's leading green grape. Splendid quality; very productive. Niagara holds the same enviable place among green grapes that Concord does among the blue ones. 35c each; \$3.50 for 12.

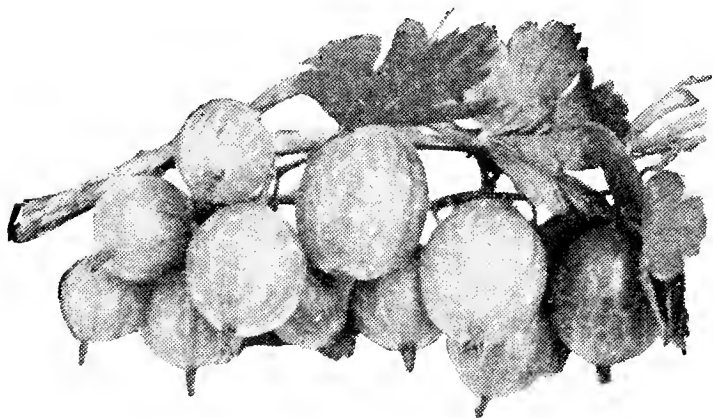
Daniels Quality Currants, Gooseberries

PERFECTION CURRANT

Supreme in Quality

Perfection is one of the largest and finest of the older currants and easily the outstanding one for home use. The uniformly big berries which are borne on large, long stemmed clusters are a bright, clear red and of pleasing flavor that is superior to most other currants.

This variety won the Barry Gold Medal of the New York Horticultural Society, the Pan-American Exposition medal, and the gold medal at the St. Louis Exposition. 35c each; \$3.50 for 12; \$6.50 for 25.



Carrie

CARRIE GOOSEBERRY (The Thornless Gooseberry)—Carrie has been the most popular gooseberry in Minnesota and adjacent states in the past. It is a prolific yielder of good sized berries which ripen red. Sometimes called the thornless gooseberry because the prickles are lost from the wood after the first year. 25c each; \$2.50 for 12; \$5.00 for 25; \$18.00 for 100.

COMO GOOSEBERRY (Minnesota's New Wonder Gooseberry) (Minnesota No. 43)

—Described by the originators, the Minnesota State Fruit Breeding Farm, as follows:

"A vigorous, productive plant with exceptionally healthy foliage. Fruit, roundish or slightly oblong. Ripens green, quality fair, holds on the bushes a long time in good market condition without scalding, even in the hottest weather. The plant is only moderately thorny, many thorns dropping from the two year old wood."

The advent of Como marks the greatest advancement made in mid-western gooseberry culture in many years. 35c each; \$3.50 for 12; \$6.50 for 25.

The Famous New Macdonald Crimson Rhubarb

**Highest Color—Highest Quality—Highest
Yielding—The Peer of All Other
Rhubarbs**

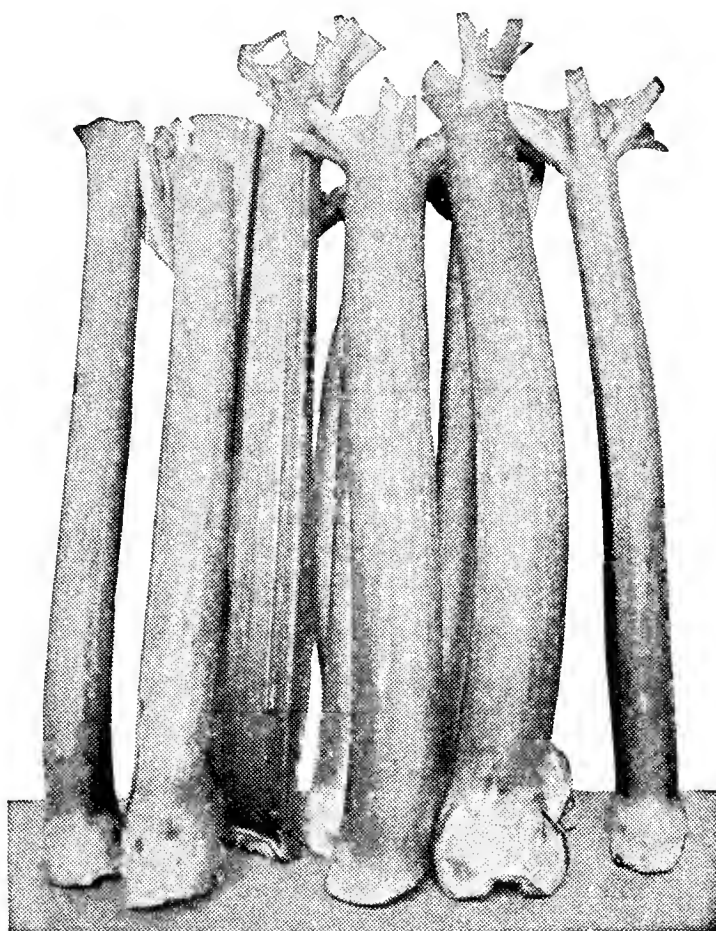
Macdonald is the most talked of rhubarb in America today. And rightly so, for it is undoubtedly superior to all other varieties now in use in this country. We quote below part of a letter recently received by us from Prof. L. G. Bunting of the Macdonald College in Quebec, where the variety was originated and through whom our supply of plants was secured from the College:

Under date of December 12, 1931, Dr. C. F. Patterson, Professor of Horticulture, University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask., wrote of the Macdonald rhubarb: "It is without doubt the best variety that we have undertaken to grow. It is in a class by itself. I think this is the unanimous verdict of all that have compared it with other varieties."

The late Hon. J. L. Perron, Minister of Agriculture for the Province of Quebec, and one who conducted quite a large farm, having over an acre of rather inferior rhubarb, said when he saw and was given a sample of the Macdonald variety: "Why! I will have it placed on every farm in Quebec."

I could give you many more favorable reports from many quarters, one just recently from Germany. During the last few years it has been placed in the hands of the U. S. Bureau of Plant Industry, Cornell University, Pennsylvania State College and a dozen other Experiment Stations in the U. S. and every single case on request after

Appreciating the tremendous demand for it in this country, Professor Bunting has made arrangements for it to be grown and distributed by two nurserymen in this country, one in the East and one in the West. We are fortunate to be chosen to handle it in the middle west. Our planting of Macdonald, the largest in this country, has been a joy to watch, and a surprise to all who have come to inspect the field because of its large, uniformly red, crisp, tender and mild stalks, and because of its tremendous vigor under dry conditions. Every one who grows rhubarb, whether for home or market, will want some Macdonald, so we suggest ordering early. We offer strong divisions. **Prices: 60c each; 3 for \$1.50; \$5.00 for 12.** Write for special prices to large commercial growers using quantities.

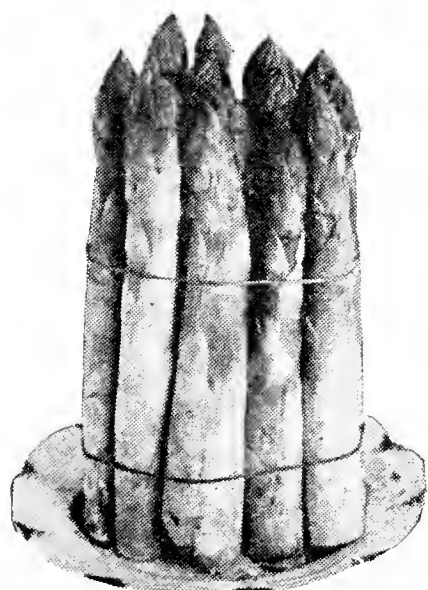


Macdonald Crimson

having seen the variety, or having heard of it from some one else who had it.

To date we have only placed it in your hands and the firm in New York who received a shipment about the same time you did.

Finally, I would like to give my own personal opinion of this variety as one who has been growing, handling and eating rhubarb for the past thirty-five years, and that is: "It is a very highly colored, attractive red stalk, of large size, productive, very tender and succulent, and of excellent quality, and particularly valuable for pies and desserts. Its color when cooked without peeling is as attractive as that of raspberries."



Mary Washington

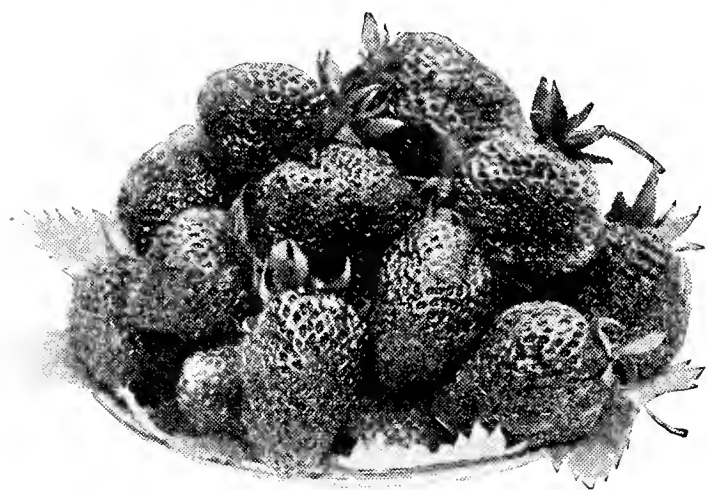
MARY WASHINGTON ASPARAGUS

The Government's Rustless Asparagus

THIS GIANT ASPARAGUS, the result of years and years of plant breeding work done by the United States Department of Agriculture, is everywhere admitted to be the finest asparagus grown. Mary Washington seems to be the ideal asparagus as it is rust-resistant and surpasses all other varieties in yield and quality. Its enormous tender shoots of vivid dark green retain their tenderness and do not branch until well above cutting height. **2 yr. plants, 12 for 50c; 25 for 75c; 100 for \$2.00; 1000 for \$18.00.**

Daniels Certified Strawberries

Sure to Grow—Sure to Bear



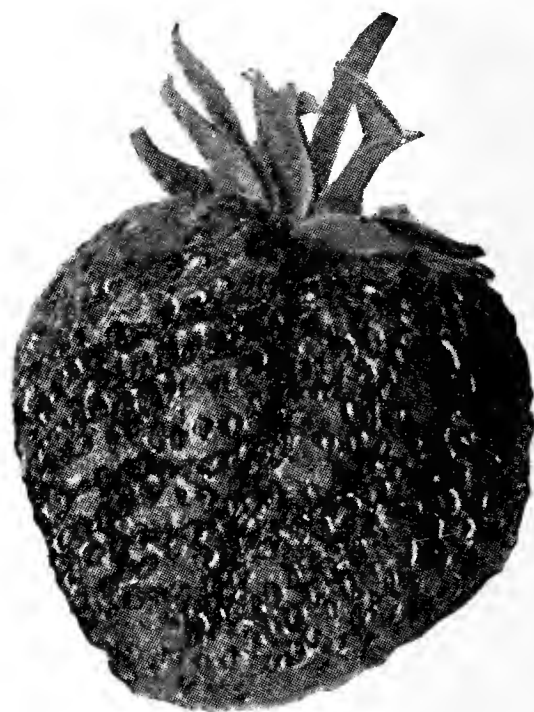
Progressive

Daniels hardy, northern grown strawberry plants have been produced on specially selected and prepared soils to meet the needs of the planters here in the Northwest. The most exacting care is exercised in every step of their growing, digging, handling and packing. When you buy Daniels plants you are buying strawberry satisfaction. Situated as we are, we can get plants to all parts of the Northwest in perfect growing condition within a few hours from the time they are carefully dug from our large fields.

The commercial grower who is looking for big profits and the home gardener who wants a dependable supply of large, luscious, fresh berries are both assured of satisfaction when they use Daniels Hardy Plants. Add 10c per 100 if to go by mail.

PROGRESSIVE (The Standard Everbearer)—Of all the older everbearing varieties Progressive stands as the most generally satisfactory. It is adapted to all soils and climates. Is a strong grower and a heavy yielder of very high quality berries and is one of the earliest fruiters both in spring and fall. Daniels Progressive plants are of an especially selected high yielding strain that produces tremendous crops of berries, surpassing most other Progressives in size. 75c for 25; \$1.75 for 100; \$16.00 for 1000.

BEAVER (Extra Early)—Beaver has been called a "worldbeater." A recent introduction of outstanding merit, commonly heralded the most promising of the June bearing varieties. For several years it has surpassed all standard varieties in most sections where tried. You will be interested in the good points claimed for it—Several days earlier and easier to pick than Premier—Good shipper and general market berry—Good color, inside and out—Large—Holds its size well to the end of the season—Equal to Dunlap and Premier in quality—Very heavy yielder—Plants are vigorous and healthy—Splendid plant maker—Hardy. Looks like the best all around June bearing variety to date. If you are interested in a good strawberry, try Beaver. 50c for 25; \$1.25 for 100; \$9.00 for 1000.



Beaver

PREMIER (Early)—Aptly described as the one strawberry without a fault. Although nearly a week earlier than Dunlap, it maintains a heavy production over a long period. The firm, bright red berries maintain large size well throughout the season. Because of its "frost-proof" qualities a Premier crop failure is practically unknown. The most popular early and mid-season berry. 50c for 25; \$1.25 for 100; \$9.00 for 1000.

DUNLAP (Mid-season)—Dunlap needs no introduction as it is the best known and most widely grown strawberry in the northern and eastern half of the United States. It is an equally good market or home garden berry, well adapted to all types of soils. 50c for 25; \$1.25 for 100; \$8.00 for 1000.

STRAWBERRY PLANT REPLACEMENTS

We make every effort to have our strawberry plants reach the planter in good growing condition. Any claims based on poor condition of plants must be made immediately upon arrival. Because of the many factors which may adversely affect a strawberry plant's growth after delivery, we can in no way assume responsibility for their growth nor do we agree to replace strawberry plants which fail to grow.

The Famous New WAYZATA EVERBEARING STRAWBERRY

Recommended by Minnesota, Wisconsin and Michigan Horticultural Societies.

During the past twenty-five years we have seen many everbearing strawberry varieties come and we have seen almost as many go. In all these years, with all these varieties we have yet to see one that is in any way near the equal of the famous WAYZATA strawberry.

The exact parentage of Wayzata is unknown. It has shown marked similarity to Rockhill No. 26. It was discovered in a patch of seedlings in a test block about three miles from our nursery nine years ago.

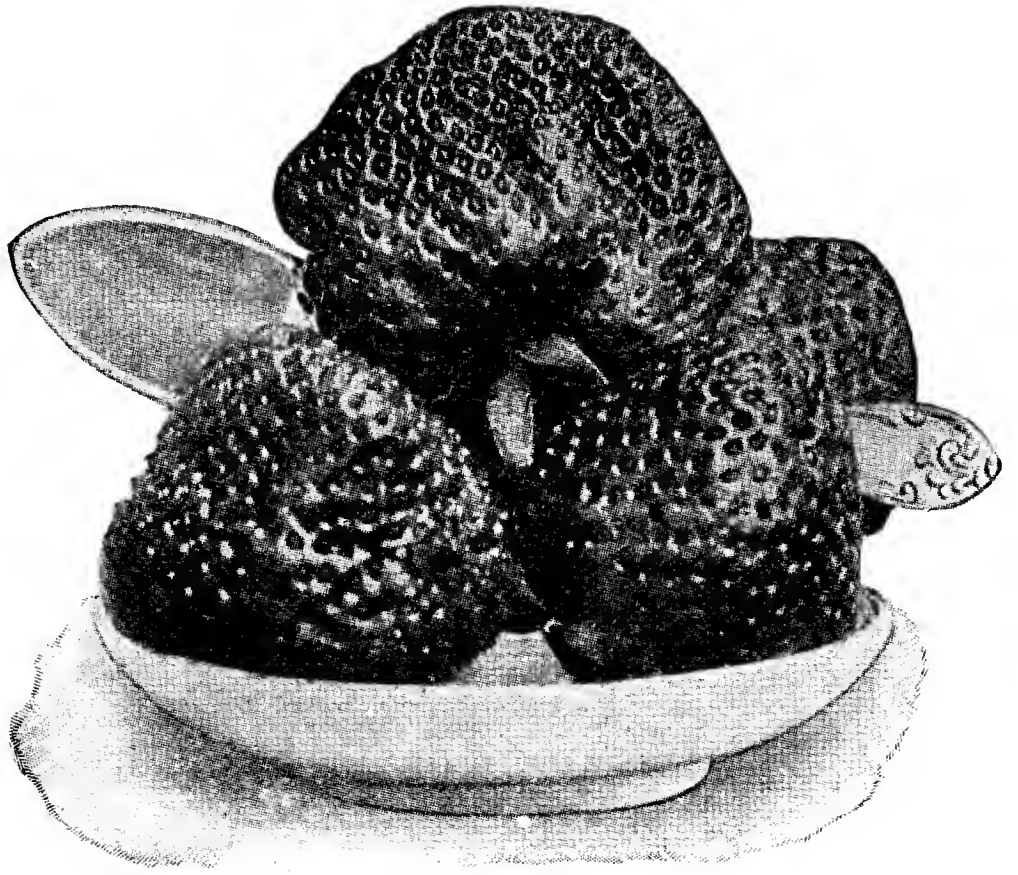
For several years now we have been watching this variety very carefully and we have marveled at the wonderful crops it has produced in the face of tremendously adverse weather conditions of the past seasons.

We have been even more surprised at the way it has been received on the market. It has consistently brought the top price not only for local trade but for shipment to markets hundreds of miles distant. And when one eats Wayzata he receives the most pleasant surprise of all. We have never had the pleasure of eating a strawberry that was more delightfully delicious for dessert purposes.

The fruit is large, beautifully colored (both inside and out), and the flavor more delightfully delicious than that of any strawberry we have ever eaten.

The plants are large, vigorous and healthy and have been splendid producers. If the variety has any one fault—and most people consider it an asset rather than a fault—it is that it is not a prolific runner maker. This is a splendid quality for the fruit grower as it will make a sufficiently wide row without the competition of surplus or unwanted runner plants. This fact, however, has retarded propagation of the variety and it will probably be many years before it will be as plentiful as other sorts.

Whether for home or market purposes Wayzata leaves little to be desired and is now commonly accepted as the finest thoroughly tested everbearing strawberry known. So far as we know it has been the most profit-



Wayzata Everbearer

able for the commercial grower throughout the middle-west of any of the other known everbearers.

Supplies are limited. Please order early to avoid possibility of disappointment. \$2.50 for 25; \$4.00 for 50; \$6.50 for 100; \$16.50 for 250; \$25.00 for 500; \$45.00 for 1000.

BEAVER

The Beaver strawberry is becoming very popular in Wisconsin's largest growing sections, namely Sparta and Warrens. The canning factory at Sparta urges all growers to plant nothing but Beavers for canning purposes. The Beaver is a good plant maker and especially adapted to sandier soils. On heavy rich soils, Premiers are favored.

H. J. Rahmlow,

Secretary Wisconsin State Horticultural Society, Madison, Wis.

SMALL FRUIT HELPS

Two Up-to-date, Helpful Bulletins

relating to all phases of small fruit culture issued by the University of Minnesota are free for the asking. They are—

Special Bulletin No. 72

“Modern Strawberry Growing”

Special Bulletin No. 79

“Modern Bush Fruit Growing”

They are both written by our Mr. Francis P. Daniels, who for many years has been a lecturer on the staff of the University, Division of Horticulture. They may be had free by writing to the Division of Publications, University Farm, St. Paul, Minn.

WARBA POTATO

The Most Remarkable Early Potato Known
A Triumph of the Potato Breeders of the
University of Minnesota

Warba is the heaviest yielding early potato known. We consider it a privilege to be able to offer our customers this year for the first time a stock of the finest new early potato variety yet developed. Warba, which in the Ojibway language indicates earliness, is the result of potato breeding work done by the Division of Horticulture of the Minnesota Agricultural Experiment Station. It is valuable for the early market and for the early home garden. Its outstanding features are earliness, high yield, resistant to common forms of Mosaic disease, uniform size of tubers, excellent cooking quality and vines so compact and upright as to facilitate cultivation and spraying.

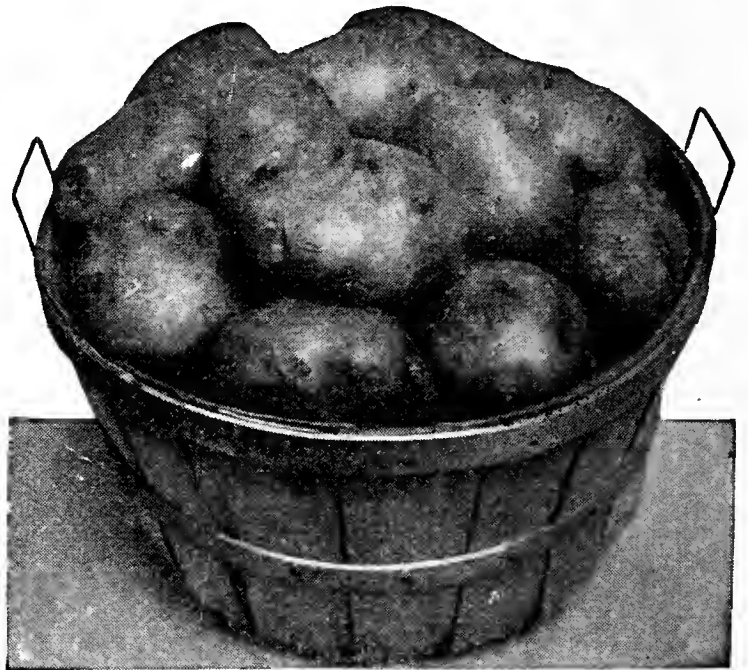
The tubers run unusually uniform in the hill. They are short, round, blocky and white with pink eyes.

During the past five years of extensive testing of this variety it has consistently shown high productivity. In comparative tests in the hands of large growers throughout the state it has consistently shown much higher productivity than the Irish Cobbler. In various tests at the experiment station it has consistently produced larger crops in shorter time than any of the other early varieties.

This outstanding high yield in comparison to other varieties is especially significant in light of its early maturity. Warba season is from 10 to 14 days shorter than Irish Cobbler and 7 to 10 days shorter than Early Ohio and Bliss Triumph. The vines of Warba are less injured by high temperatures than Bliss Triumph and tend to remain green until they normally mature. The flesh is conspicuously white and crisp and the cooking quality is excellent.

The Mosaic disease as commonly found in Minnesota has never been found in Warba. Throughout two winters of inoculation tests in the greenhouse and the third winter using tuber grafts and leaf inoculation no Mosaic symptoms appeared in Warba.

In no other variety of potato can the same wonderful characteristics of Warba be found, for according to experiment station and commercial



Warba

growers' records, Warba excels all other early varieties in earliness, yield, uniformity of size and quality.

Whether you grow potatoes for home use or for market you owe it to yourself to get started this year on Warba now that the tubers are available for you.

Our stock is limited so we suggest early ordering. The slightly higher cost of Warba over other potatoes will be much more than compensated for by the outstanding results Warba will bring.

10 lbs. for \$1.00.

Write us for special prices on larger quantities.

STATE CERTIFIED

Our Potato stock is all "Minnesota State Certified," which means that it is the highest grade of potato stock produced,—certified free from all diseases and absolutely true to name.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR ORDERING BY MAIL

WHEN TO ORDER—As early as possible. "First come, first served," is the rule. Early ordering is a big help to us, and frequently late orders cannot be filled in full. Why not send your order in now? It will be carefully booked and shipped to you at the time you want it.

SPECIAL PREMIUMS—It is a great advantage to us to have orders reach us early, as the bulk of our business is crowded into a short period in the spring. This means a heavy load on our office facilities. So that we may better organize our spring work and as an inducement for our customers to place orders early, we are offering the following liberal premiums in the form of additional nursery stock for early orders. All orders with full cash payments sent in before the dates indicated will be entitled to a premium of additional nursery stock to the value indicated below:

Orders mailed prior to March 1, 1935, 10%

Orders mailed prior to March 15, 1935, 6%

Orders mailed prior to April 1, 1935, 4%

If you wish a premium be sure to specify the kind of stock you want.

PRICES—Prices listed in this catalog annul and supersede all prices quoted previously. All prices are F. O. B. Long Lake, Minn., unless otherwise specified.

TERMS—Our business and moderate price schedule have been built on a cash with order policy, and we prefer to have your orders accompanied by cash in full. This plan enables us to keep down costs and to maintain low prices. If C. O. D. shipments are preferred, 20 per cent must accompany the order, balance C. O. D.

RESERVE ORDERS—We will reserve stock for those who so desire upon payment of 10 per cent with order.

METHOD OF SHIPPING—Express is safest and generally the best way to ship plants. Express orders are sent transportation charges collect. Many small orders may be shipped satisfactorily by parcel post. These will be sent postal charges C. O. D. unless proper amount is added to your remittance. Our trees (both fruit and ornamental) are fine, strong, trees; too large to go by mail, except those listed "Mail Order Size."

COMPLAINTS—Any complaints will be taken care of promptly and satisfactorily. If there is anything wrong, let us know at once, while there is still time to make amends, for we want only satisfied customers.

REPLACEMENT—We will replace plants (except strawberries, see page 30) that fail to grow the first year at one-half the purchase price, provided that such failure to grow is not due to neglect or improper handling on the part of the purchaser. All replacement claims must reach us prior to October 1 of the fall following planting.

OUR GUARANTEE—We exercise the utmost care in labeling, packing and shipping our plants, and guarantee them to be true to name, and will replace free of charge any which prove to be otherwise. It is understood and mutually agreed between purchaser and ourselves that in no case will we be liable for more than the original cost of the plants. We cannot be held responsible for inability to make delivery because of strikes, fires, acts of nature, or any other cause beyond our control.

Please use this Order Blank

**This space reserved for
Office Records**

The Daniels Nursery, Inc.

FRANC P. DANIELS, President

LONG LAKE, MINNESOTA

Amount Enclosed

§ _____

Date.....

Please forward the following stock to:

Name

Street or R. F. D.....

Post Office

County..... State.....

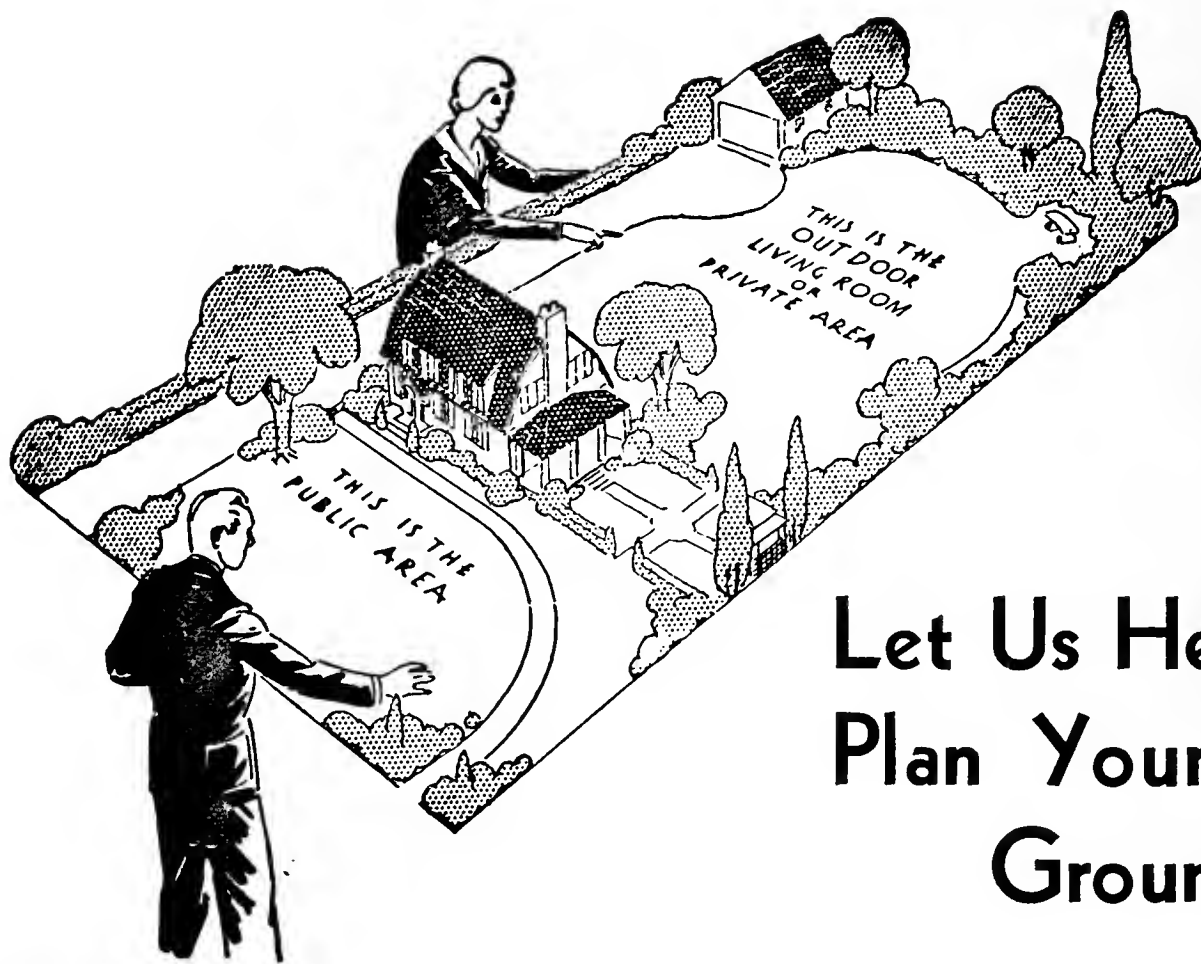
Express Office.....

Ship by.....Ship plants on or about.....

We exercise the greatest precaution to have all plants we furnish true to name, and will replace free of charge any plants proving otherwise. In no case will we be liable for more than the original cost of the plants. See our full guarantee on page 30.

[illegible]

Read carefully, "Instructions for Ordering," on page 30



Let Us Help You Plan Your Home Grounds

Daniels Free Plan Service

We are in a position to give you a truly helpful landscape planning service and will be pleased to design for you a complete landscape layout. Whether the property is a large or small one a careful plan is necessary if really satisfying results are to be obtained.

Wherever possible one of our landscape architects should visit your property personally for there are many details which can be seen at a glance that cannot be readily put on paper. However, where it is not possible for this to be done simply send a sketch of your grounds and we will prepare a plan for you.

On your sketch show buildings (with windows and doors located), walks and drives, and existing trees, shrubs and other plants. Show all distances and directions plainly, together with compass directions and any other needed information such as slopes, elevations, etc. Photographs always are a help.

If you have preferences as to varieties to be used, or manner of layout, let us know. We'll be glad to locate and design pools and rock gardens in your plan, too, if you wish them.

Suggestions for Sending Plans

Send plans in early, so we can give them time and careful thought. Please don't wait until time to plant, when every man is rushed with spring work. Give as complete and accurate information as possible.

If you will write below the names and addresses of your friends whom you think would like a copy of our catalog, we will see that they receive one promptly.

NAME

ADDRESS

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Federal Loans For Planters

The financial help of the National Housing Act is available for landscape development purposes. Long or short time financing may be provided for the modest or the most extensive landscape improvement of your home grounds.

Through this help it is now possible for you to have immediately the complete home beautification development of your dreams,—and for you to pay for it while you enjoy it and while it grows and improves in value for you.

We will be glad to furnish you with full information as to how you may avail yourself of this splendid opportunity.

AND FINALLY . . .

PURPOSE! This little book has been written primarily with the intent that it should be truly helpful to those who receive it. The descriptions are accurate and the facts presented are truthful statements designed to aid you in the selection of your plant material and in its proper care and culture. We have endeavored to make it a truly dependable “Guide to the Best Hardy Plants.”

HELP! We are at your service. The benefits of our many years of contact with horticultural plants and problems, together with whatever technical scientific training and knowledge is ours, is yours for the asking. We will welcome your inquiries or requests for aid in solving your horticultural problems whether you write, phone, or honor us with a personal call.

PRICES! Plants smaller, cheaper and less dependable than ours are being continually offered. But forget not that in plants, far more than in most merchandise, the “hidden factors” (Trueness to name, physiological condition, intrinsic hardiness, etc.) are all important, and such cheap offerings can seldom be worth more (if as much) than they cost. Our business is founded upon years of furnishing customers hardy, well grown, truly finished products,—dependable nursery plants which bring true satisfaction to the purchaser.

SATISFACTION! In the final analysis, satisfaction is what you want. Daniels stock is sold under a “Satisfied Customer” guarantee—and we do not consider a transaction complete until the customer is satisfied. If ever, in our dealings with you, for any cause, we fall short of this goal, you can confer no greater favor on us than that of letting us know immediately. Thank you.

Foremost in Friendliness

There's an old time regime at The Daniels Nursery, Inc.,—a friendly, "what-can-we-do-for-you" spirit that will make you happy here.

You'll find us cheerfully ready to serve—anxious to please—determined to win your constant patronage.

Here's a dependable nursery, with good stock and intelligent personnel,—and yet with warmth and hospitality that evidences our personal interest in your needs.

Every transaction with us must be one of satisfaction to you. We are here to serve,—and to serve well. That is our creed. We offer you excellence in planning,—in plants,—in workmanship—and at attractive prices, too.



THE DANIELS NURSERY, Inc.

FRANC P. DANIELS, President

LONG LAKE

MINNESOTA

Phone Long Lake 8648